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Scientific and Technical Information Center

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Requester's Full Name: Dwayne C. Jones Examiner #: 71294 Date: 16 APR 06  
Art Unit: 1614 Phone Number: 2-0578 Serial Number: 10/525,532  
Location (Bldg/Room#): 3B87 (Mailbox #): 3C70 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK  
\*\*\*\*\* REM \*\*\*\*\*

To ensure an efficient and quality search, please attach a copy of the cover sheet, claims, and abstract or fill out the following:

Title of Invention: see attached sheet 119

Inventors (please provide full names): 11

Earliest Priority Date: 29 AUG 2002

Search Topic:  
Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known.

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Please search Jams 16, 23 and 30

STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: Jan

Searcher Phone #: 22504

Searcher Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Searcher Picked Up: 5/4/06

Date Completed: 5/4/06

Searcher Prep & Review Time: 15

Online Time: 535

Type of Search

\_\_\_\_ NA Sequence (#)

\_\_\_\_ AA Sequence (#)

☒ Structure (#)

\_\_\_\_ Bibliographic

\_\_\_\_ Litigation

\_\_\_\_ Fulltext

\_\_\_\_ Other

Vendors and cost where applicable

☒ STN \_\_\_\_\_ Dialog

\_\_\_\_ Questel/Orbit \_\_\_\_\_ Lexis/Nexis

\_\_\_\_ Westlaw \_\_\_\_\_ WWW/Internet

\_\_\_\_ In-house sequence systems

\_\_\_\_ Commercial \_\_\_\_\_ Oligomer \_\_\_\_\_ Score/Length

\_\_\_\_ Interference \_\_\_\_\_ SPDI \_\_\_\_\_ Encode/Transl

\_\_\_\_ Other (specify)



# **STIC Search Report**

## **Biotech-Chem Library**

**STIC Database Tracking Number.**

**TO: Dwayne C Jones**  
**Location: 3b87 / 3c70**  
**Thursday, May 04, 2006**  
**Art Unit: 1614**  
**Phone: 571-272-0578**  
**Serial Number: 10 / 525532**

**From: Jan Delaval**  
**Location: Biotech-Chem Library**  
**Remsen 1a51**  
**Phone: 571-272-2504**

**jan.delaval@uspto.gov**

**Search Notes**



# STIC SEARCH RESULTS FEEDBACK FORM

## Biotech-Chem Library

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact *the searcher or contact*:

Mary Hale, Information Branch Supervisor  
22507, Remsen 1d86

## Voluntary Results Feedback Form

➤ I am an examiner in Workgroup:  Example: 1610

➤ Relevant prior art **found**, search results used as follows:

- ☐ 102 rejection
- ☐ 103 rejection
- ☐ Cited as being of interest.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the invention.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.

Types of relevant prior art found:

- ☐ Foreign Patent(s)
- ☐ Non-Patent Literature  
(journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)

➤ Relevant prior art **not found**:

- ☐ Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
- ☐ Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.

Comments:

Drop off or send completed forms to STIC/Biotech-Chem Library CM1 – Circ. Desk



=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:48:25 ON 04 MAY 2006  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 3 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 882736-15-4  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 3 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 882736-15-4

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from \*  
\* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, \*  
\* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now \*  
\* available and contains the CA role and document type information. \*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

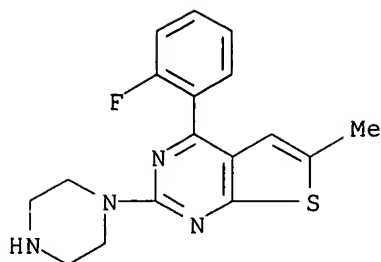
Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS  
for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> d ide can tot l11

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN 476148-82-0 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 13 Dec 2002  
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
MF C17 H17 F N4 S . Cl H . H2 O  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL  
CRN (99487-25-9)



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:229481

REFERENCE 2: 140:229465

REFERENCE 3: 140:87710

REFERENCE 4: 139:144007

REFERENCE 5: 137:380039

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 109348-38-1 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 25 Jul 1987

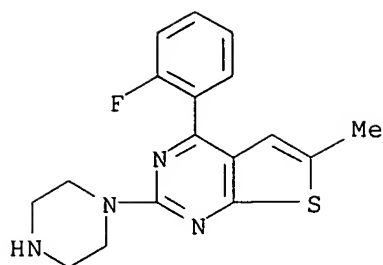
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C17 H17 F N4 S . x Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, EMBASE, PROUSDDR, SYNTHLINE

CRN (99487-25-9)

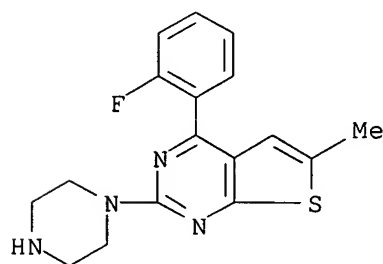


●x HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 107:59050

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN **99487-26-0** REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 21 Dec 1985  
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN MCI 225  
DR 135991-48-9  
MF **C17 H17 F N4 S . Cl H**  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, EMBASE,  
IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSRESEARCH, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT, PROUSDDR, RTECS\*,  
SCISEARCH, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
CRN (99487-25-9)



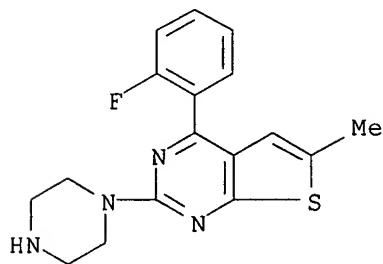
● HCl

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

16 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
16 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 141:343543  
REFERENCE 2: 140:229465  
REFERENCE 3: 139:144007  
REFERENCE 4: 137:380039  
REFERENCE 5: 135:190298  
REFERENCE 6: 133:99471  
REFERENCE 7: 132:146650  
REFERENCE 8: 132:44882  
REFERENCE 9: 128:43723  
REFERENCE 10: 126:233473

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN **99487-25-9** REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 21 Dec 1985  
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS 3D CONCORD  
MF **C17 H17 F N4 S**  
CI COM  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, EMBASE, PHAR, PROUSDDR, SYNTHLINE,  
TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

13 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
13 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 141:343543  
REFERENCE 2: 141:134099  
REFERENCE 3: 141:134098

REFERENCE 4: 140:229481  
 REFERENCE 5: 140:229465  
 REFERENCE 6: 140:87710  
 REFERENCE 7: 139:144007  
 REFERENCE 8: 137:380039  
 REFERENCE 9: 130:10644  
 REFERENCE 10: 126:233473

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:27:09 ON 04 MAY 2006)  
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:27:17 ON 04 MAY 2006

L1 1 S (W02003-GB3720 OR GB2002-20064 OR GB2003-16115)/AP,PRN  
 E CAVALLA D/AU  
 L2 95 S E3-E6  
 E GRISTWOOD R/AU  
 L3 55 S E4-E7  
 E ARACHNOVA/PA,CS  
 L4 46 S E3-E12  
 L5 9 S 4 2 FLUOROPHENYL 6 METHYL 2 1 PIPERAZIN? THIENO 2 3 D PYRIMID  
 L6 5 S L5 AND L1-L4  
 L7 9 S L1,L6,L5  
 SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:30:10 ON 04 MAY 2006

L8 11 S E1-E11  
 L9 3 S L8 AND C17H17FN4S  
 L10 3 S 99487-25-9/CRN  
 L11 4 S L10,L9

FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:31:32 ON 04 MAY 2006

L12 0 S L11

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:31:34 ON 04 MAY 2006

L13 14 S MCI 225 OR MCI225  
 L14 22 S L11  
 L15 22 S L7,L13,L14  
 L16 19 S L15 AND (PY<=2002 OR PRY<=2002 OR AY<=2002)  
 L17 5 S L1-L4 AND L15  
 L18 5 S L17 AND L16  
 L19 3 S L15 AND (ABUS? OR ?OBESIT? OR ?OBESE? OR WEIGHT(L) (GAIN? OR L  
 L20 6 S L15 AND (BODY(L)WEIGHT OR ?PARKINSON? OR ?FIBROMYALG? OR STRO  
 L21 6 S L15 AND MENTAL?  
 L22 10 S L19-L21  
 E MENTAL/CT  
 L23 7 S L15 AND E4+OLD,NT  
 L24 1 S L15 AND E22+OLD,NT  
 L25 0 S L15 AND E23  
 L26 5 S L15 AND (E28 OR E29+OLD,NT)



L27	0 S L15 AND E89 E OBESITY/CT
L28	1 S L15 AND E3-E7
L29	1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E BODY WEIGHT/CT
L30	1 S L15 AND E3-E5
L31	1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E SUBSTANCE ABUSE/CT E E3+ALL
L32	1 S L15 AND E2 E DRUGS OF ABUSE/CT
L33	1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E DRUG ADDICTION/CT
L34	0 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E E3+ALL
L35	1 S L15 AND E2+OLD,NT E SMOKING/CT
L36	0 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT
L37	0 S L15 AND E9 E E6+ALL
L38	1 S L15 AND E2 E TOBACCO/CT
L39	0 S L15 AND E3
L40	0 S L15 AND E267+OLD,NT
L41	1 S L15 AND E282+OLD,NT
L42	0 S L15 AND E285+OLD,NT E EATING DISORDER/CT
L43	1 S L15 AND E4 E E4+ALL
L44	0 S L15 AND E2 E OBSESSIVE/CT E E6+ALL
L45	1 S L15 AND E2 E PREMENSTRUAL/CT E E5+ALL
L46	1 S L15 AND E2 E MIGRAINE/CT
L47	0 S L15 AND E3 E E3+ALL
L48	1 S L15 AND E2 E HEADACHE/CT
L49	1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E NAUSEA/CT
L50	2 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT E VOMIT/CT
L51	2 S L15 AND E4+OLD,NT E EMESIS/CT E E3+ALL E E3+ALL
L52	2 S L15 AND E2,E3,E5,E7 E FATIGUE/CT
L53	1 S L15 AND E3,E11+OLD,NT
L54	0 S L15 AND E17 E FIBROMYALGIA/CT E E3+ALL
L55	2 S L15 AND E2 E PARKINSON/CT E PARKINSON/CT
L56	1 S L15 AND E7+OLD,NT E STROKE/CT

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          E E3+ALL
L57       1 S L15 AND E2
          E SCHIZOPHRENIA/CT
L58       1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT
L59       12 S L23-L58
L60       12 S L22,L59
L61       15 S L17,L60
L62       7 S L15 NOT L61
L63       5 S L62 AND (PY<=2002 OR PRY<=2002 OR AY<=2002)
L64       20 S L61,L63

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:48:25 ON 04 MAY 2006

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:48:36 ON 04 MAY 2006

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 19

FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 May 2006 (20060503/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d l64 all hitstr tot

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L64 ANSWER 1 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN 2004:610068 HCAPLUS
DN 141:134099
ED Entered STN: 30 Jul 2004
TI Method of treating nausea, vomiting, or retching by
   administering a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist and noradrenaline reuptake
   inhibitor
IN Landau, Steven B.; Miller, Cheryl L.; Thor, Karl Bruce
PA Dynogen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.
   CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
IC ICM A61K
CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1

```

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004062624	A2	20040729	WO 2004-US809	20040113
	WO 2004062624	A3	20050407		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
 CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
 GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,  
 LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ

AU 2004204827 A1 20040729 AU 2004-204827 20040113  
 CA 2512022 AA 20040729 CA 2004-2512022 20040113  
 US 2004147510 A1 20040729 US 2004-757981 20040113  
 EP 1567163 A2 20050831 EP 2004-701830 20040113

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

BR 2004006748 A 20051220 BR 2004-6748 20040113  
 US 2004254171 A1 20041216 US 2004-846978 20040514  
 US 2004254172 A1 20041216 US 2004-846979 20040514

PRAI US 2003-440076P P 20030113  
 US 2003-492478P P 20030804  
 US 2004-757981 A1 20040113  
 WO 2004-US809 W 20040113

## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004062624	ICM	A61K
	IPCI	A61K [ICM,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-135 [I,A]; A61K0031-135 [I,C]; A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-535 [I,A]; A61K0031-535 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
AU 2004204827	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]
CA 2512022	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-535 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-135 [I,A]; A61K0031-135 [I,C]; A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-535 [I,A]; A61K0031-535 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
	NCL	514/218.000
US 2004147510	ECLA	A61K031/135; A61K031/519; A61K031/535; A61K031/551
	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
	NCL	514/218.000
EP 1567163	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-535 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-135 [I,A]; A61K0031-135 [I,C]; A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-535 [I,A]; A61K0031-535 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
BR 2004006748	IPCR	A61K0031-135 [I,C]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-535 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]; A61K0031-135 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-535 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]
	ECLA	A61K031/135; A61K031/519; A61K031/535; A61K031/551
US 2004254171	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
	NCL	514/218.000
US 2004254172	IPCI	A61K0031-551 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-519 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-551 [I,A]; A61K0031-551 [I,C]
	NCL	514/218.000

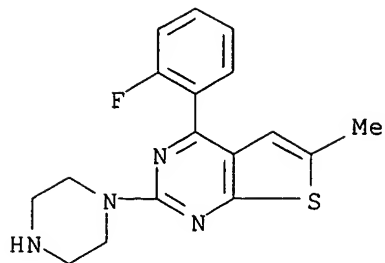
OS MARPAT 141:134099

AB The invention relates to a method of treating **nausea**,

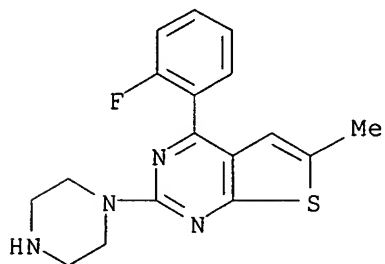
**vomiting**, retching or any combination thereof in a subject in need of treatment. The method comprises administering to a subject in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that has 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist activity and NorAdrenaline Reuptake Inhibitor (NARI) activity. The invention further relates to a method of treating **nausea, vomiting**, retching or any combination thereof in a subject in need thereof, comprising coadministering to said subject a first amount of a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> antagonist and a second amount of a NARI, wherein the first and second amts. together comprise a therapeutically effective amount or are each present in a therapeutically effective amount. In addition, the method of the invention comprises administering a NARI alone. A pharmaceutical composition comprising: (a) a first amount of a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist; and (b) a second amount of a noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor is also claimed.

- ST **nausea vomiting** retching treatment serotonin  
antagonist noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor
- IT 5-HT antagonists  
(5-HT<sub>3</sub>; method of treating **nausea, vomiting**, or  
retching by administering a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist and noradrenaline  
reuptake inhibitor)
- IT **Antiemetics**  
Combination chemotherapy  
Drug delivery systems  
Human  
**Nausea**  
**Vomiting**  
(method of treating **nausea, vomiting**, or retching  
by administering a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist and noradrenaline reuptake  
inhibitor)
- IT Nervous system agents  
(noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors; method of treating **nausea**  
, **vomiting**, or retching by administering a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor  
antagonist and noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor)
- IT 50-47-5, Desipramine 72-69-5, Nortriptyline 10262-69-8, Maprotiline  
23047-25-8, Lofepamine 34911-55-2, Bupropion 40796-97-2, Bemisetron  
46817-91-8, Viloxazine 56433-44-4, Oxaprotiline 71620-89-8, Reboxetine  
76496-68-9, Levoprotiline 83015-26-3, Tomoxetine 89565-68-4,  
Tropisetron 90182-92-6, (±) Zaccopride 92623-85-3, Milnacipran  
93413-69-5, Venlafaxine **99487-25-9 99487-25-9D**, salts  
99614-02-5, Ondansetron 101626-70-4, Talipexole 107429-63-0,  
Lintopride 109889-09-0, Granisetron 112727-80-7 115956-12-2,  
Dolasetron 116539-59-4, Duloxetine 120635-74-7, Cilansetron  
122852-42-0, Alosetron 123040-69-7, Azasetron 123258-84-4, Itasetron  
123482-22-4, Zatosetron 127595-11-3, DAU-6236 132036-88-5  
134296-40-5, BIMU-8 135729-61-2, Palonosetron 141549-75-9, Indisetron  
143257-98-1, Lerisetron 151213-86-4, E-3620 153608-99-2, YM 114  
160472-97-9, N-3389 162413-52-7, GK-128  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(method of treating **nausea, vomiting**, or retching  
by administering a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist and noradrenaline reuptake  
inhibitor)
- IT **99487-25-9 99487-25-9D**, salts  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(method of treating **nausea, vomiting**, or retching  
by administering a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist and noradrenaline reuptake  
inhibitor)
- RN **99487-25-9 HCAPLUS**
- CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L64 ANSWER 2 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2004:203673 HCAPLUS

DN 140:229481

ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004

TI New therapeutic uses of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine

IN Cavalla, David; Gristwood, Robert William

PA Arachnova Therapeutics Ltd., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K0031-519

ICS A61P0025-06; A61P0025-16; A61P0025-30; A61P0043-00

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004019948	A1	20040311	WO 2003-GB3720	20030828 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2496695	AA	20040311	CA 2003-2496695	20030828 <--
AU 2003259373	A1	20040319	AU 2003-259373	20030828 <--
EP 1539172	A1	20050615	EP 2003-791032	20030828 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
BR 2003013836	A	20050621	BR 2003-13836	20030828 <--
CN 1678322	A	20051005	CN 2003-820617	20030828 <--
JP 2006500427	T2	20060105	JP 2004-569724	20030828 <--
PRAI GB 2002-20064	A	20020829	<--	
GB 2003-16115	A	20030709	<--	
WO 2003-GB3720	W	20030828	<--	

## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004019948	ICM	A61K0031-519
	ICS	A61P0025-06; A61P0025-16; A61P0025-30; A61P0043-00
	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
CA 2496695	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
AU 2003259373	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
EP 1539172	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
BR 2003013836	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
CN 1678322	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-30 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
JP 2006500427	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61P0001-08 [I,A]; A61P0001-14 [I,A]; A61P0003-04 [I,A]; A61P0013-00 [I,A]; A61P0015-00 [I,A]; A61P0025-00 [I,A]; A61P0025-04 [I,A]; A61P0025-06 [I,A]; A61P0025-08 [I,A]; A61P0025-16 [I,A]; A61P0025-18 [I,A]; A61P0025-22 [I,A]; A61P0025-30 [I,A]; A61P0025-34 [I,A]; A61P0031-14 [I,A]; A61P0035-00 [I,A]; A61P0039-00 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,A]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]
	FTERM	4C071/AA01; 4C071/BB01; 4C071/CC02; 4C071/CC21; 4C071/EE13; 4C071/FF04; 4C071/GG01; 4C071/GG02; 4C071/HH17; 4C071/JJ01; 4C071/JJ08; 4C071/LL01; 4C086/AA01; 4C086/AA02; 4C086/CB26; 4C086/MA01; 4C086/MA04; 4C086/NA14; 4C086/ZA02; 4C086/ZA06; 4C086/ZA08; 4C086/ZA18; 4C086/ZA22; 4C086/ZA70; 4C086/ZA71; 4C086/ZA73; 4C086/ZA75; 4C086/ZA81; 4C086/ZA94; 4C086/ZB11; 4C086/ZB15; 4C086/ZB33; 4C086/ZC02; 4C086/ZC14; 4C086/ZC39; 4C086/ZC41
AB	4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)	

thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine or  
a salt thereof has value in the treatment of fibromyalgia,  
obesity, weight gain, and other conditions.

ST thienopyrimidine deriv fibromyalgia obesity wt  
gain treatment

IT Drugs of abuse  
(abuse of; therapeutic uses of 4-(  
2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-  
2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2  
,3-d]pyrimidine)

IT Chemotherapy  
Radioactivity  
(emesis induced by; therapeutic uses of 4-(  
2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-  
2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2  
,3-d]pyrimidine)

IT Muscle, disease  
(fibromyalgia; therapeutic uses of 4-(2-  
fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(  
1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3  
-d]pyrimidine)

IT Headache  
(migraine; therapeutic uses of 4-(2-  
fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(  
1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3  
-d]pyrimidine)

IT Mental and behavioral disorders  
(obsession-compulsion; therapeutic uses of  
4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-  
methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)  
thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine  
)

IT Ovarian cycle  
(premenstrual syndrome; therapeutic uses of  
4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-  
methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)  
thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine  
)

IT Tobacco smoke  
(smoking cessation; therapeutic uses of 4-(  
2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-  
2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2  
,3-d]pyrimidine)

IT Behavior  
(smoking, smoking cessation; therapeutic uses of  
4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-  
methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)  
thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine  
)

IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; therapeutic uses of 4-(2-  
fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(  
1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3  
-d]pyrimidine)

IT Antiemetics  
Antimigraine agents  
Antiobesity agents  
Antiparkinsonian agents  
Antipsychotics  
Cardiovascular agents

Drug dependence  
 Eating disorders  
 Fatigue, biological  
 Nausea  
 Nervous system agents  
 Obesity  
 Parkinson's disease  
 Schizophrenia  
 Vomiting  
 (therapeutic uses of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
 6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl  
 )thieno[2,3-d]  
 pyrimidine)

IT Body weight  
 (weight gain; therapeutic uses of 4-(  
 2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-  
 2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2  
 ,3-d]pyrimidine)

IT 99487-25-9 476148-82-0  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (therapeutic uses of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
 6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl  
 )thieno[2,3-d]  
 pyrimidine)

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 RE

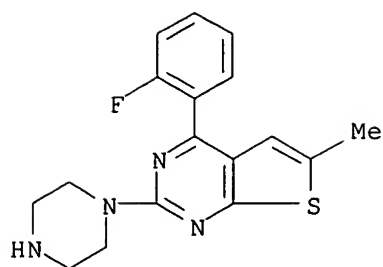
- (1) Eguchi, J; PHARMACOLOGY BIOCHEMISTRY AND BEHAVIOR 1995, V51(4), P935  
 HCAPLUS
- (2) Eguchi, J; PHARMACOLOGY BIOCHEMISTRY AND BEHAVIOR 2001, V68(4), P677  
 HCAPLUS
- (3) Heal, D; INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF OBESITY 1998, V22(SUPPL 1), PS18
- (4) Iyengar, S; WO 0015223 A 2000 HCAPLUS
- (5) Lilly Co Eli; WO 9612485 A 1996 HCAPLUS
- (6) Mitsubishi Chem Ind; EP 0150469 A 1985 HCAPLUS
- (7) Rao, S; RHEUMATIC DISEASES CLINICS OF NORTH AMERICA 2002, V28(2), P235
- (8) Sepracor Inc; WO 02060427 A 2002
- (9) Wyeth; WO 02064543 A 2002 HCAPLUS

IT 99487-25-9 476148-82-0  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (therapeutic uses of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
 6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl  
 )thieno[2,3-d]  
 pyrimidine)

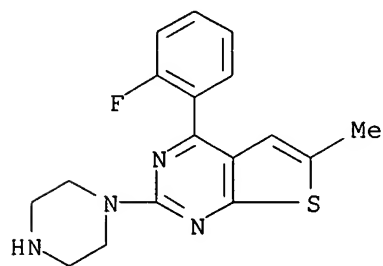
RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





RN 476148-82-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

L64 ANSWER 3 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 2004:203555 HCAPLUS  
 DN 140:229465  
 ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004  
 TI New therapeutic use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
 6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
 thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine  
 IN Bardsley, Hazel Judith; Cavalla, David; Gristwood, Robert  
 William  
 PA Germany  
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 4 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/GB2002/02388.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K0031-519  
 INCL 514252160  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 2004048874 A1 20040311 US 2003-617847 20030710  
 WO 2002094249 A1 20021128 WO 2002-GB2388 20020521  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,  
 CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,  
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 AU 2005200045 A1 20050127 AU 2005-200045 20050107  
 PRAI GB 2001-12494 A 20010522  
 WO 2002-GB2388 A2 20020521  
 GB 2002-16027 A 20020710  
 AU 2002-307872 A3 20020521

## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2004048874	ICM	A61K0031-519
	INCL	514252160
	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	NCL	514/252.160
	ECLA	A61K031/519
WO 2002094249	IPCI	A61K0031-00 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-02 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-04 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
AU 2005200045	IPCI	A61K0031-00 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-04 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-02 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-00 [I,A]; A61K0031-00 [I,C]; A61P0025-00 [I,C]; A61P0025-02 [I,A]; A61P0025-04 [I,A]
AB	4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-D]pyrimidine or a salt thereof is useful for the treatment of pain.	
ST	fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine analgesic pain fibromyalgia irritable bowel syndrome diarrhea constipation	
IT	Intestine, disease (constipation, alternating; fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Muscle, disease (fibromyalgia; fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Analgesics Diarrhea Human Sex (fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Intestine, disease (functional; fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Intestine, disease (irritable bowel syndrome, constipation-predominant; fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Intestine, disease (irritable bowel syndrome; fluorophenylmethylnpiperazinylthienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)	
IT	Pain	

(neuropathic; fluorophenylmethylpiperazinylothienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)

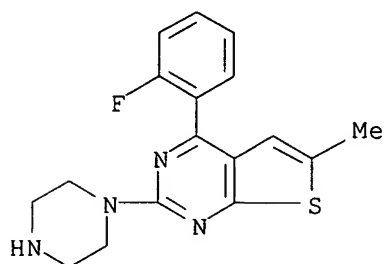
IT Pain  
(nociceptive; fluorophenylmethylpiperazinylothienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)

IT 53-86-1, Indomethacin 99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI-225 476148-82-0  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(fluorophenylmethylpiperazinylothienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)

IT 99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI-225 476148-82-0  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(fluorophenylmethylpiperazinylothienopyrimidine for treatment of pain)

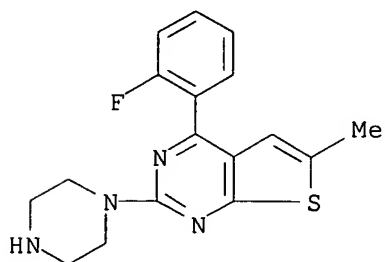
RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

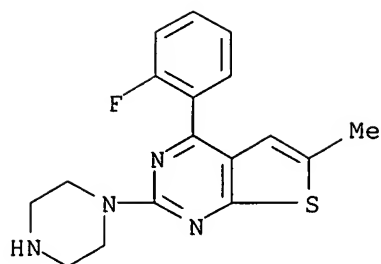
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 476148-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

L64 ANSWER 4 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2004:41283 HCAPLUS

DN 140:87710

ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2004

TI **4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D) pyrimidine**  
in the treatment of functional bowel disorder

IN Cavalla, David; Gristwood, Robert William

PA Arachnova Therapeutics Ltd., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K0031-519

ICS A61P0001-00

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004004734	A1	20040115	WO 2003-GB2974	20030709
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
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	AU 2003255712	A1	20040123	AU 2003-255712	20030709
	EP 1519728	A1	20050406	EP 2003-762820	20030709
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			

BR 2003012511	A	20050412	BR 2003-12511	20030709
CN 1668307	A	20050914	CN 2003-816290	20030709
JP 2005533829	T2	20051110	JP 2004-519012	20030709
US 2005239792	A1	20051027	US 2004-519594	20041228
PRAI GB 2002-16027	A	20020710		
GB 2003-4648	A	20030228		
WO 2003-GB2974	W	20030709		

## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004004734	ICM	A61K0031-519
	ICS	A61P0001-00
	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	ECLA	A61K031/519
CA 2491836	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
AU 2003255712	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
EP 1519728	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
BR 2003012511	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
CN 1668307	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
JP 2005533829	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0001-00 [ICS,7]; A61P0001-10 [ICS,7]; A61P0001-12 [ICS,7]; C07D0495-04 [ICS,7]; C07D0495-00 [ICS,7]
	FTERM	4C071/AA01; 4C071/BB01; 4C071/CC02; 4C071/CC21; 4C071/EE13; 4C071/FF05; 4C071/GG02; 4C071/JJ08; 4C071/LL01; 4C086/AA01; 4C086/AA02; 4C086/CB29; 4C086/MA01; 4C086/MA04; 4C086/MA52; 4C086/NA14; 4C086/ZA66; 4C086/ZA73
US 2005239792	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; C07D0498-02 [ICS,7]; C07D0498-00 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; C07D0498-00 [I,C]; C07D0498-02 [I,A]
	NCL	514/252.160
AB	The use of <b>4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine</b> or a salt for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a functional bowel disorder is disclosed.	
ST	irritable bowel syndrome fluorophenylmethylpiperazinyl thienopyrimidine	
IT	Intestine, disease ((fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of functional bowel disorder)	
IT	Intestine, disease (constipation, with irritable bowel syndrome; (fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of functional bowel disorder)	
IT	Human (female; (fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of functional bowel disorder)	
IT	Intestine, disease (irritable bowel syndrome; (fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of functional bowel disorder)	
IT	Diarrhea (with irritable bowel syndrome; (fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of functional bowel disorder)	

IT 99487-25-9 476148-82-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
((fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of  
functional bowel disorder)

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Crowell, M; AMERICAN JOURNAL OF MANAGED CARE 2001, V7(8 SUPPL), PS252  
MEDLINE

(2) Eguchi, J; PHARMACOLOGY BIOCHEMISTRY AND BEHAVIOR 2001, V68(4), P677  
HCAPLUS

(3) Merck Patent Gmbh; DE 10063223 A 2002 HCAPLUS

(4) Ninomiya, K; US 4695568 A 1987 HCAPLUS

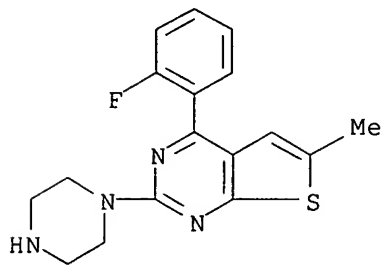
(5) Wayne, M; US 6284770 B1 2001 HCAPLUS

IT 99487-25-9 476148-82-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
((fluorophenyl)methyl(piperazinyl)thienopyrimidine in the treatment of  
functional bowel disorder)

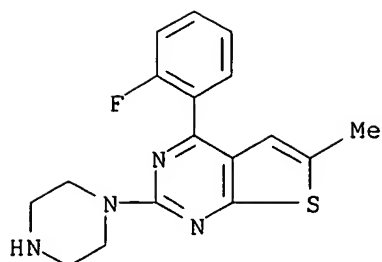
RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 476148-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

L64 ANSWER 5 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2003:610268 HCAPLUS

DN 139:144007

ED Entered STN: 08 Aug 2003

TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)

thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine

for treating urinary incontinence

IN Cavalla, David; Gristwood, Robert William

PA Arachnova Therapeutics Ltd., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K0031-519

ICS A61P0013-10

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

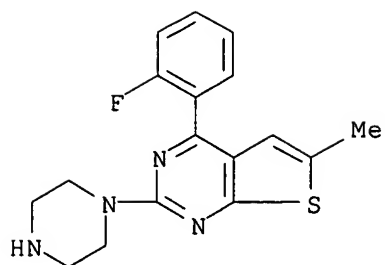
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PI	WO 2003063873	A1	20030807	WO 2003-GB374	20030129
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	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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	EP 1469853	A1	20041027	EP 2003-702713	20030129
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	BR 2003007369	A	20041214	BR 2003-7369	20030129
	CN 1625402	A	20050608	CN 2003-803046	20030129

JP 2005516977	T2	20050609	JP 2003-563563	20030129
US 2005222162	A1	20051006	US 2004-502827	20040727
PRAI GB 2002-2265	A	20020131		
WO 2003-GB374	W	20030129		

## CLASS

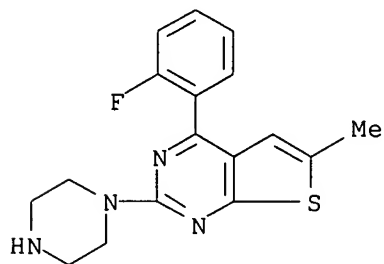
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WO 2003063873	ICM	A61K0031-519
	ICS	A61P0013-10
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	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
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CA 2474851	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0013-10 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
EP 1469853	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0013-10 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
BR 2003007369	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0013-10 [ICS,7]
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CN 1625402	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0013-10 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
JP 2005516977	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]; A61P0013-02 [ICS,7]; C07D0495-04 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	FTERM	4C071/AA01; 4C071/BB01; 4C071/CC02; 4C071/CC21; 4C071/EE12; 4C071/FF05; 4C071/GG02; 4C071/JJ05; 4C071/LL01; 4C086/AA01; 4C086/AA02; 4C086/CB29; 4C086/MA01; 4C086/MA04; 4C086/NA14; 4C086/ZA81; 4C086/ZA84
US 2005222162	IPCI	A61K0031-519 [ICM,7]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
	NCL	514/252.160
	ECLA	A61K031/519
AB		4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine or a salt thereof is useful for the treatment of urinary incontinence.
ST		piperazinylthienopyrimidine deriv urinary incontinence treatment
IT		Bladder, disease (incontinence; piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative for treating urinary incontinence)
IT		99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225 476148-82-0 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative for treating urinary incontinence)
RE.CNT	5	THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE		(1) Chen, H; BRITISH JOURNAL OF PHARMACOLOGY 1990, V101(1), P212 HCAPLUS (2) Eguchi, J; PHARMACOLOGY BIOCHEMISTRY AND BEHAVIOR 2001, V68(4), P677 HCAPLUS (3) Squibb & Sons Inc; EP 0467365 A 1992 HCAPLUS (4) Thor, K; US 5744474 A 1998 HCAPLUS (5) Wu, Y; JAPANESE JOURNAL OF PHARMACOLOGY 2000, V83(1), P31 HCAPLUS
IT		99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225 476148-82-0 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative for treating urinary incontinence)
RN		99487-25-9 HCAPLUS
CN		Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

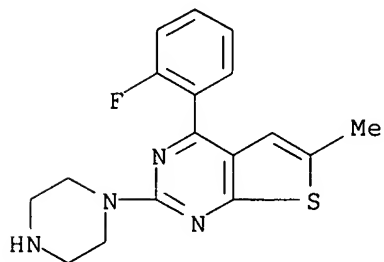
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 476148-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

H<sub>2</sub>O

L64 ANSWER 6 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 2002:905835 HCAPLUS  
 DN 137:380039  
 ED Entered STN: 29 Nov 2002  
 TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine for the treatment of pain  
 IN Bardsley, Hazel Judith; Gristwood, Robert William; Cavalla, David  
 PA Arachnova Therapeutics Ltd., UK  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 8 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM A61K0031-00  
 ICS A61P0025-02; A61P0025-04  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
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	EP 1390022	A1	20040225	EP 2002-771681	20020521	
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	CN 1511029	A	20040707	CN 2002-810378	20020521	
	JP 2004531557	T2	20041014	JP 2002-590968	20020521	
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	JP 2004168692	A2	20040617	JP 2002-335342	20021119	
	US 2004048874	A1	20040311	US 2003-617847	20030710	
	AU 2005200045	A1	20050127	AU 2005-200045	20050107	
PRAI	GB 2001-12494	A	20010522			
	AU 2002-307872	A3	20020521			
	WO 2002-GB2388	W	20020521			
	GB 2002-16027	A	20020710			

## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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	ICS	A61P0025-02; A61P0025-04
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	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]
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CA 2447465	IPCI	A61K0031-00 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-02 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-04 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-00 [ICS,7]
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 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]; C07D0495-00 [I,C]  
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 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-00 [I,C];  
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 4C086/MA04; 4C086/NA14; 4C086/ZA08; 4C086/ZA12;  
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 IPCR A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]  
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 ECLA A61K031/519  
 AU 2005200045 IPCI A61K0031-00 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-04 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-02  
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 IPCR A61K0031-00 [I,A]; A61K0031-00 [I,C]; A61P0025-00  
 [I,C]; A61P0025-02 [I,A]; A61P0025-04 [I,A]  
 AB **4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)**  
**thieno[2,3-D]pyrimidine** or  
 a salt thereof is useful for the treatment of pain.  
 ST thienopyrimidine deriv pain treatment; analgesic thienopyrimidine deriv  
 IT Inflammation  
 (inflammatory pain; thienopyrimidine deriv.for treatment of pain)  
 IT Nerve, disease  
 (neuropathy, neuropathic pain; thienopyrimidine deriv.for treatment of  
 pain)  
 IT Analgesics  
 Pain  
 (thienopyrimidine deriv.for treatment of pain)  
 IT **99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225**  
**476148-82-0**  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (thienopyrimidine deriv.for treatment of pain)  
 RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 RE  
 (1) Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Ltd; EP 0150469 A 1985 HCAPLUS

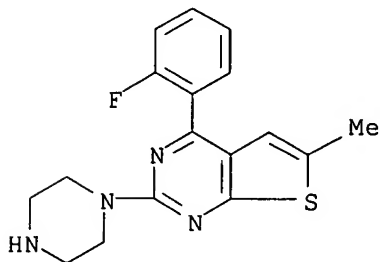
(2) Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Ltd; US 4695568 A 1987 HCAPLUS

IT 99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225  
476148-82-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(thienopyrimidine deriv.for treatment of pain)

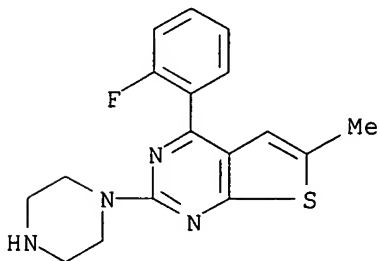
RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

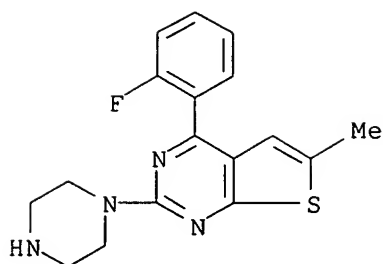
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 476148-82-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

● H<sub>2</sub>O

L64 ANSWER 7 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2001:315400 HCAPLUS

DN 135:190298

ED Entered STN: 03 May 2001

TI The anxiolytic-like effect of **MCI-225**, a selective NA reuptake inhibitor with 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonism

AU Eguchi, J.; Inomata, Y.; Saito, K.-I.

CS Pharmaceuticals Research Laboratory I, Yokohama Research Center, Mitsubishi-Tokyo Pharmaceuticals (MTP), Inc., Kamoshida-cho, Aoba-ku, Yokohama, 227-0033, Japan

SO Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (2001), 68(4), 677-683  
CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057

PB Elsevier Science Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

AB We have previously reported that **MCI-225**, a selective noradrenaline (NA) reuptake inhibitor with serotonin (5-HT)<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonism, shows antidepressant-like properties in expts. using rodents. In this study, we investigated the effect of **MCI-225** in anxiety models in comparison with diazepam, ondansetron, maprotiline, imipramine, and trazodone. In social interaction (SI) test in rats, **MCI-225** (10 and 30 mg/kg, po), diazepam (1-10 mg/kg, po), and a selective 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist ondansetron (1 mg/kg, po) significantly increased SI to an unfamiliar partner under high light conditions without changes in ambulation. The increase in SI induced by **MCI-225** and ondansetron was blocked by a 5-HT<sub>3</sub> agonist, 1-(m-Chlorophenyl)biguanide (mCPBG, 1 mg/kg, i.p.), which did not change SI when administered alone. **MCI-225** (10 mg/kg, po) showed comparable anxiolytic-like effect between single and 5-day repeated administration. On the other hand, maprotiline, trazodone, and imipramine did not affect SI at doses of 3-30 mg/kg, po. In the elevated plus-maze test in rats, **MCI-225** (10-100 mg/kg, po) increased the number of entries into the open arms only, while diazepam increased not only the number of open-arms entries (30 mg/kg, po), but also the total number of entries (10 mg/kg, po). Ondansetron (0.001-1 mg/kg, po) was less effective. Maprotiline, imipramine, and trazodone did not affect the number

of open-arm entries, while trazodone and imipramine (100 mg/kg, po) decreased the total number of entries. These results show that MCI-225 has an anxiolytic-like effect without causing sedation and suggest that the 5-HT3 receptor antagonism of MCI-225 probably contributes to its anxiolytic-like property.

ST anxiolytic MCI 225 serotonin S3 antagonist

IT 5-HT antagonists

(5-HT3; anxiolytic activity of 5-HT3 antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

IT Anxiolytics

(anxiolytic activity of 5-HT3 antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

IT Mental activity

(sedation; anxiolytic activity of 5-HT3 antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anxiolytic activity of 5-HT3 antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

IT 50-49-7, Imipramine 439-14-5, Diazepam 10262-69-8, Maprotiline 19794-93-5, Trazodone 99614-02-5, Ondansetron

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparison standard; anxiolytic activity of 5-HT3 antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
RE

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- (2) Artaiz, I; Psychopharmacology 1995, V117, P137 HCAPLUS
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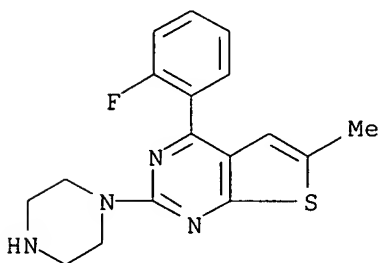
IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anxiolytic activity of 5-HT<sub>3</sub> antagonist MCI-225 in comparison to other drugs and absence of sedative side effects)

RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 8 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2000:369092 HCAPLUS

DN 133:99471

ED Entered STN: 04 Jun 2000

TI Effects of acute and chronic administration of MCI-225, a new selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor with 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor blocking action, on extracellular noradrenaline levels in the hypothalamus of stressed rats

AU Wu, Ying-Liang; Yoshida, Masami; Emoto, Hiroyuki; Ishii, Hideo; Koga, Kiminori; Tanaka, Masatoshi

CS Department of Pharmacology, Kurume University School of Medicine, Kurume, 830-0011, Japan

SO Japanese Journal of Pharmacology (2000), 83(1), 31-38  
 CODEN: JJPAZ; ISSN: 0021-5198

PB Japanese Pharmacological Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

AB In the present study, we investigated the effects of acute and chronic systemic administration of MCI-225 (4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine monohydrate hydrochloride), a

newly-developed selective noradrenaline (NA) reuptake inhibitor with 5-HT<sub>3</sub>-receptor-blocking action, on extracellular NA levels in the hypothalamus of stressed and non-stressed rats by utilizing intracerebral microdialysis. Acute administration of MCI-225 (3 and 10 mg/kg, p.o.) significantly and dose-dependently increased extracellular NA levels in the hypothalamus in non-stressed rats. Footshock for 20 min also significantly increased NA levels in the hypothalamus of both groups of rats pretreated with vehicle and MCI-225. Although chronic administration of MCI-225 (3 or 10 mg/kg, p.o. for 14 days) did not alter the basal extracellular NA levels in the hypothalamus, the stress-induced increases in extracellular NA levels were significantly lower in rats chronically treated with MCI-225 (10 mg/kg) than those of rats pretreated with vehicle for the same period. The increase in extracellular NA levels induced by MCI-225 challenge (3 or 10 mg/kg, p.o.) were not different between rats chronically treated with MCI-225 or vehicle. These results suggest that MCI-225 enhances extracellular NA levels in the hypothalamus in both non-stressed and stressed rats by inhibiting NA uptake and that chronic systemic administration of MCI-225 did not alter basal extracellular NA levels, but reduced the increase in NA release caused by footshock stress. These data suggest the possibility that MCI-225 might possess anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties.

- ST MCI225 noradrenaline hypothalamus stress anxiolytic antidepressant; fluorophenylmethyl piperazinyl thienopyrimidine
- MCI225 anxiolytic antidepressant
- IT Antidepressants
- Anxiolytics
- Stress, animal
- (MCI-225 effect on extracellular noradrenaline in hypothalamus in stress: relevance to anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties)
- IT Brain
- (hypothalamus; MCI-225 effect on extracellular noradrenaline in hypothalamus in stress: relevance to anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties)
- IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225
- RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
- (MCI-225 effect on extracellular noradrenaline in hypothalamus in stress: relevance to anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties)
- IT 51-41-2, Noradrenaline
- RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
- (MCI-225 effect on extracellular noradrenaline in hypothalamus in stress: relevance to anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties)

RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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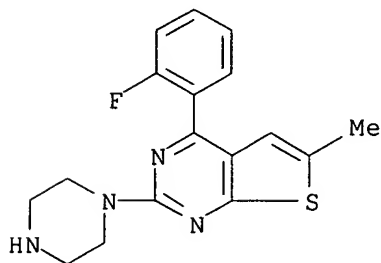
IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(MCI-225 effect on extracellular noradrenaline in hypothalamus in stress: relevance to anxiolytic and/or antidepressant properties)

RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 9 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2000:98327 HCAPLUS

DN 132:146650

ED Entered STN: 11 Feb 2000

TI Treating depression with a combination of a serotonin uptake inhibitor, a 5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist, and a 5-HT1A agonist

IN Depoortere, Henri

PA Sanofi-Synthelabo, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM A61K0031-40

ICS A61K0031-135; A61K0031-505; A61K0031-135; A61K0031-505

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

## Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000006160	A1	20000210	WO 1999-FR1825	19990726
	W:			AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
	RW:			GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
	FR 2781671	A1	20000204	FR 1998-9603	19980728
	AU 9949167	A1	20000221	AU 1999-49167	19990726
PRAI	FR 1998-9603	A	19980728		
	WO 1999-FR1825	W	19990726		

## CLASS

	PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
	WO 2000006160	ICM	A61K0031-40
		ICS	A61K0031-135; A61K0031-505; A61K0031-135; A61K0031-505
		IPCI	A61K0031-40 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,7]
		IPCR	A61K0031-505 [I,A]; A61K0031-505 [I,C]; A61K0045-00 [I,C]; A61K0045-06 [I,A]
		ECLA	A61K031/505+M; A61K045/06
	FR 2781671	IPCI	A61K0031-135 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-404 [ICS,7]; A61P0025-24 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-505 [ICI,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICI,7]; A61K0031-404 [ICI,7]
		IPCR	A61K0031-505 [I,A]; A61K0031-505 [I,C]; A61K0045-00 [I,C]; A61K0045-06 [I,A]
		ECLA	A61K031/505+M; A61K045/06
	AU 9949167	IPCI	A61K0031-40 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-135 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,7]
		IPCR	A61K0031-505 [I,A]; A61K0031-505 [I,C]; A61K0045-00 [I,C]; A61K0045-06 [I,A]
AB	Pharmaceutical compns. are provided which contain a serotonin uptake inhibitor (e.g. fluoxetine), a 5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist (e.g. pindolol), and a 5-HT1A agonist (e.g. buspirone) as a combination product for simultaneous, sep., or prolonged use for treating various forms of depression.		
ST	depression fluoxetine pindolol buspirone combination; serotoninergic 5HT1A presynaptic antagonist combination depression; 5HT1A serotoninergic agonist combination depression		
IT	5-HT agonists		
	5-HT antagonists		
	(5-HT1A; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)		
IT	<b>Mental disorder</b>		
	(depression, major; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)		
IT	<b>Mental disorder</b>		
	(depression, neurotic; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)		
IT	Sleep		
	(disorder; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)		
IT	<b>Mental disorder</b>		

(manic bipolar disorder; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT **Mental disorder**  
 (obsession-compulsion; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT Drug delivery systems  
 (oral; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT **Anxiety**  
 (panic; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT **Mental disorder**  
 (phobia, social; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT Antidepressants  
 Antipsychotics  
 Anxiolytics  
 Cognition enhancers  
 Drug delivery systems  
 Drug interactions  
 (serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT Drug interactions  
 (synergistic; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT 50-67-9, Serotonin, biological studies  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (reuptake inhibitors; serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

IT 13523-86-9, Pindolol 36505-84-7, Buspirone 54739-18-3, Fluvoxamine 54910-89-3, Fluoxetine 59729-33-8, Citalopram 61869-08-7, Paroxetine 71827-56-0, Clemeprol 79617-96-2, Sertraline 83366-66-9, Nefazodone 83455-48-5, Bromerguride 83928-76-1, Gepirone 87760-53-0, Tandospirone 90494-76-1, SR 57746 92623-85-3, Milnacipran 93413-69-5, Venlafaxine 95847-70-4, Ipsapirone 98206-10-1, Flesinoxan 99487-26-0,  
 MCI 225 102908-59-8, Binospirone 112922-55-1,  
 Cericlamine 114298-18-9, Zalospiroline 119356-77-3, Dapoxetine 127266-56-2, WY 50324 132449-45-7, E4414 132449-46-8, Lesopitron 132501-12-3, WY 48723 132873-35-9, LY 274600 133109-86-1, EMD 56551 135722-27-9, S 14671 138298-79-0, Alnespiroline 141318-62-9, LY 293284 142348-14-9, Pyricapirone 144340-02-3, CP 119333 144980-77-8, BAYx 3702 145969-30-8, OPC 14523 146479-45-0, BMS 181101 146998-34-7, S 15535 149494-37-1, Ebalzotan 149654-41-1, U 92016A 150019-94-6, BMS 184111 150527-35-8, FG 5865 150710-80-8, HT 90B 156896-33-2, LY 301317 161178-10-5, YM 35992 161312-09-0 162408-66-4, GR 103691 162581-80-8, LY 297996 163521-12-8, EMD 68843 167933-07-5, Flibanaserin 177975-08-5, EMD 77697 179756-58-2, F 11440 208516-87-4, NAD 299 214686-27-8, F 12439 221452-76-2, EF 7412 257614-79-2 257863-96-0, NS 2389 257863-98-2, EMD 80084 257864-13-4, AP 521 257864-15-6, AZ 16596 257864-30-5, DDR 203901 257864-31-6, DDR 205852 257864-33-8, DDR 208978 257864-35-0, DDR 211278 257864-36-1, DDR 212219 257864-37-2, FCE 23892 257864-38-3, LY 315535 257864-39-4, S 215521 257864-41-8, WAY 100802 257864-47-4, EMD 67478  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
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V31(3) MEDLINE

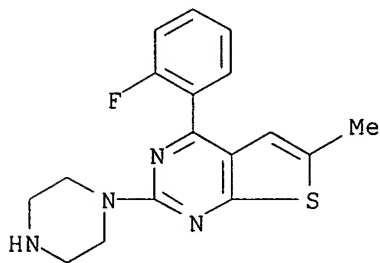
IT 99487-26-0, MCI 225

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(serotonin uptake inhibitor-5-HT1A presynaptic antagonist-5-HT1A agonist combination for treatment of depression)

RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 10 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1999:807454 HCAPLUS

DN 132:44882

ED Entered STN: 22 Dec 1999

TI Effect of systemic administration of MCI-225 on extracellular noradrenaline levels in the amygdala of stressed rats. Assessed by intracerebral microdialysis

AU Wu, Ying Liang; Yoshida, Masami; Emoto, Hiroyuki; Ishii, Hideo; Yamaoka, Toshihiko; Hasegawa, Masaichi; Tanaka, Masatoshi

CS Dep. Pharmacol., Kurume Univ. Sch. Med., Japan

SO Kurume Igakkai Zasshi (1999), 62(7-10), 192-196

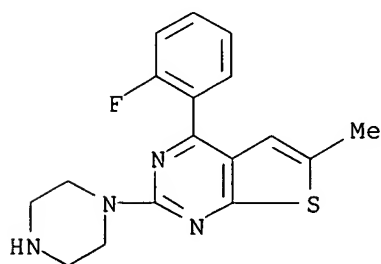
CODEN: KIZAAL; ISSN: 0368-5810

PB Kurume Igakkai

DT Journal

LA Japanese

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
AB In the present study, we investigated the effect of systemic administration of **MCI-225**, a newly-developed selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor, on extracellular noradrenaline (NA) levels in the amygdala on stressed rats by utilizing intracerebral microdialysis. Footshock for 20 min significantly increased NA levels in the amygdala of both rats pretreated with vehicle and **MCI-225** at 10 mg/kg p.o. The stress-induced increases in extracellular NA levels were significantly higher in the rats treated with **MCI-225** (10 mg/kg) than those of rats pretreated with vehicle for the same period. These results suggest that **MCI-225** enhances the stress-induced increase in extracellular NA levels in the amygdala of rats by inhibiting NA reuptake.  
ST antidepressant **MCI225** noradrenaline release amygdala stress  
IT Brain  
(amygdaloid body; effect of **MCI-225** on extracellular noradrenaline levels in amygdala of stressed rats)  
IT Antidepressants  
Stress, animal  
(effect of **MCI-225** on extracellular noradrenaline levels in amygdala of stressed rats)  
IT **99487-26-0**, **MCI-225**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(effect of **MCI-225** on extracellular noradrenaline levels in amygdala of stressed rats)  
IT 51-41-2, Noradrenaline  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(effect of **MCI-225** on extracellular noradrenaline levels in amygdala of stressed rats)  
IT **99487-26-0**, **MCI-225**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(effect of **MCI-225** on extracellular noradrenaline levels in amygdala of stressed rats)  
RN **99487-26-0** HCAPLUS  
CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 11 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
AN 1998:723694 HCAPLUS

jan delaval - 4 may 2006

DN 130:10644  
 ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1998  
 TI Thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics  
 IN Eguchi, Junichi; Tahata, Reiko; Saito, Kenichi  
 PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K0031-505

ICS C07D0495-04

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 10298078	A2	19981110	JP 1997-115523	19970506
	WO 9850037	A1	19981112	WO 1998-JP1954	19980428
	W: CA, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
PRAI	JP 1997-115523	A	19970506		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
JP 10298078	ICM	A61K0031-505
	ICS	C07D0495-04
	IPCI	A61K0031-505 [ICM,6]; C07D0495-04 [ICS,6]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]
WO 9850037	IPCI	A61K0031-505 [ICM,6]; C07D0495-04 [ICS,6]
	IPCR	A61K0031-519 [I,A]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]
	ECLA	A61K031/519; C07D495/04+333B+239B

OS MARPAT 130:10644

AB Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and their salts and hydrates are effective for the prevention and treatment of neurosis and stress-related disorders.

**4-(2-Fluorophenyl)-6-methyl**

**-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2**

**,3-d]pyrimidine** was tested for anti-conflict activities with rats.

ST thienopyrimidine deriv anxiolytic

IT Stress, animal

(emotional, treatment of; thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics)

IT **Mental disorder**

(neurosis, treatment of; thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics)

IT Anxiolytics

(thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics)

IT **99487-25-9**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics)

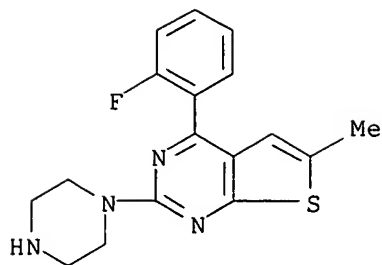
IT **99487-25-9**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(thienopyrimidines as anxiolytics)

RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L64 ANSWER 12 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1998:2598 HCAPLUS  
 DN 128:43723  
 ED Entered STN: 05 Jan 1998  
 TI Pharmacological profile of the novel antidepressant 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine monohydrate hydrochloride  
 AU Eguchi, Junichi; Inomata, Yuji; Yuasa, Takayuki; Egawa, Mitsuo; Saito, Kenichi  
 CS Pharmaceuticals Laboratory I, Yokohama Research Center, Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Yokohama, 227, Japan  
 SO Arzneimittel-Forschung (1997), 47(12), 1337-1347  
 CODEN: ARZNAD; ISSN: 0004-4172  
 PB Editio Cantor Verlag  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 AB This is a first report on the investigation of the antidepressant activity of MCI-225 (4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine monohydrate hydrochloride, CAS 99487-26-0) in comparison with maprotiline (CAS 10347-81-6), desipramine (CAS 58-28-6), imipramine (CAS 113-52-0) and trazodone (CAS 25332-39-2). MCI-225 inhibited the synaptosomal uptake of noradrenaline (NA,  $K_i = 35.0$  nmol/L), serotonin (5-HT,  $K_i = 491$  nmol/L), and dopamine ( $K_i = 14800$  nmol/L), although it did not inhibit MAO-A and MAO-B activities. MCI-225 showed high affinity only for the 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor ( $K_i = 81.0$  nmol/L) among all receptors tested including M<sub>1</sub>, M<sub>2</sub>,  $\alpha_1$ , and H<sub>1</sub> receptors. The inhibition of the von Bezold-Jarisch reflex by MCI-225 (ID<sub>50</sub> = 22.2 mg/kg, p.o.) suggests its antagonistic action on the 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor. MCI-225 dose-dependently reduced reserpine-induced hypothermia (0.3-10 mg/kg, p.o.) and potentiated yohimbine-induced lethality (3-100 mg/kg, p.o.) in mice. These effects of MCI-225 were as potent as desipramine and more potent than maprotiline, imipramine and trazodone. MCI-225 and desipramine did not change either 5-HTP-induced head movements or p-CA-induced hyperactivity in rats. In forced swimming tests in rats, the min. EDs of MCI-225, maprotiline, desipramine, and imipramine were 1, 30, 10 and 30 mg/kg, p.o., resp., for 5-days administration. Only MCI-225 had shown its full activity with this short term treatment. MCI-225 (10 mg/kg, p.o.) decreased the REM sleep period without affecting slow-wave sleep or wakefulness in rats. Even at 100

mg/kg, p.o. MCI-225 and trazodone did not inhibit oxotremorine-induced tremor, lacrimation or salivation in mice in contrast with imipramine. These results suggest that MCI-225, which selectively inhibits NA uptake and antagonizes the 5-HT<sub>3</sub> receptor, has potential as a new type of potent antidepressant.

ST antidepressant MCI225 serotonin receptor antagonist  
 IT 5-HT receptors  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (5-HT<sub>3</sub>; pharmacol. profile of antidepressant MCI-225)  
 )

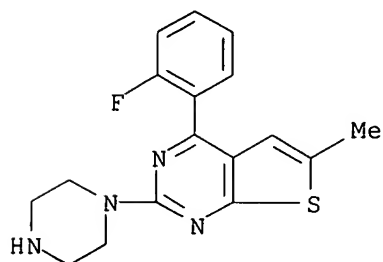
IT Antidepressants  
 (pharmacol. profile of antidepressant MCI-225)

IT 50-47-5, Desipramine 50-49-7, Imipramine 10262-69-8, Maprotiline 19794-93-5, Trazodone 99487-26-0, MCI-225  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmacol. profile of antidepressant MCI-225)

IT 51-41-2, Noradrenaline 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (pharmacol. profile of antidepressant MCI-225)

IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmacol. profile of antidepressant MCI-225)

RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 13 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1997:137486 HCAPLUS  
 DN 126:233473  
 ED Entered STN: 01 Mar 1997  
 TI MCI-225, a novel thienopyrimidine analog, enhances attentional eye tracking in midpontine pretrigeminal preparation  
 AU Eguchi, Junichi; Saitoh, Yoshito; Egawa, Mitsuo; Saito, Ken-Ichi; Kawamura, Hiroshi  
 CS Pharmaceuticals Laboratory I, Yokohama Research Center, Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation (MCC), Yokohama, 227, Japan



SO Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (1997), 56(2), 229-234  
CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

AB The effects of **MCI-225**, a novel psychoactive compound, and reference **drugs** on attention **behavior** were studied using visual stimulus induced vertical eye tracking movements in midpontine pretrigeminal (PTG) feline preparation. Surgery was performed under ether anesthesia and subsequently switched to nitrous oxide-fluothane which was discontinued only during exptl. sessions. In addition xylocaine was locally injected. Vertical eye movements were monitored by electrooculogram (EOG) and a TV camera. To compare the effects of **drugs** on eye movement, nos. of spontaneous and tracking eye movements exceeding a present amplitude in EOG were counted before and during the visual stimulation, resp. **MCI-225** (1 and 3 mg/kg, i.v.) enhanced tracking movements dose-dependently without an increase in spontaneous eye movements. No or little change of the electrocorticogram (ECoG) was seen with 1mg/kg **MCI-225** and a slight increase in low voltage fast pattern was observed with 3mg/kg, i.v.. On the other hand, tacrine (0.3mg/kg, i.v.), physostigmine (0.03mg/kg, i.v.) and methylphenidate (0.3mg/kg, i.v.) enhanced both types of eye movement and induced ECoG arousal. Desipramine (3mg/kg, i.v.) slightly increased spontaneous eye movement without affecting tracking movements. Piracetam (100mg/kg, i.v.) decreased spontaneous eye movements only. These data clearly show that **MCI-225** enhances attention to a moving object and suggest that **MCI-225** could be useful in the treatment of attentional deficits and related cognitive dysfunctions in psychiatric disorders.

ST thienopyrimidine **MCI225** attention **behavior** eye movement

IT **Behavior**  
Cognition enhancers  
Eye  
(**MCI-225** enhances attentional eye tracking in midpontine pretrigeminal preparation)

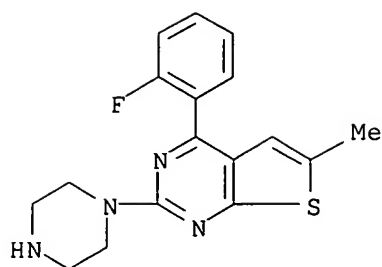
IT **Mental activity**  
(attention; **MCI-225** enhances attentional eye tracking in midpontine pretrigeminal preparation)

IT **99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(**MCI-225** enhances attentional eye tracking in midpontine pretrigeminal preparation)

IT **99487-25-9 99487-26-0, MCI 225**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(**MCI-225** enhances attentional eye tracking in midpontine pretrigeminal preparation)

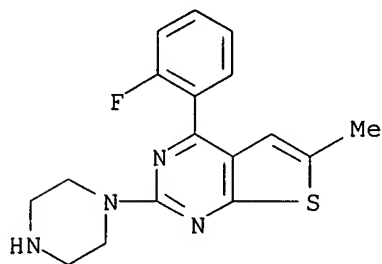
RN **99487-25-9 HCAPLUS**

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 14 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1995:654483 HCAPLUS  
 DN 123:47804  
 ED Entered STN: 04 Jul 1995  
 TI Effects of **MCI-225** on memory and glucose utilization in basal forebrain-lesioned rats  
 AU Eguchi, Junichi; Iwai, Kunihisa; Yuasa, Takayuki; Egawa, Mitsuo; Komatsu, Teiko; Saito, Ken-Ichi  
 CS Pharmaceuticals Laboratory I, Yokohama Research Center, Yokohama, 227, Japan  
 SO Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (1995), 51(4), 935-9  
 CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057  
 PB Elsevier  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 AB The effects of **MCI-225** on amnesia, the cerebral glucose metabolism, and choline acetyltransferase (ChAT) activity in basal forebrain (BF)-lesioned rats were studied in comparison with those of tacrine. Bilateral BF lesions with ibotenic acid impaired the performance in passive avoidance (PA) tasks. Single administration of **MCI-225** (10 mg/kg, PO) after a 2-wk postoperative recovery period, increased the escape latencies in the PA task, but was not statistically significant. Repeated administration of **MCI-225** (0.3 and 1 mg/kg, PO for 6 days) significantly reversed the PA failure. The

BF-lesioned rat exhibited a marked decrease in the local cerebral glucose utilization (LCGU) in the frontal cortex, parietal cortex, and caudate-putamen. **MCI-225** (1 mg/kg, PO for 5 days) significantly ameliorated the reduction of the LCGU in the parietal cortex. **MCI-225** did not change the decrease in the cortical ChAT activity induced by the BF lesion. Repeated administration of tacrine reversed the PA failure (0.3 mg/kg, PO) but failed to prevent the decrement in the LCGU and the ChAT activity. These results suggest that **MCI-225** could be effective in the treatment of senile dementia of the Alzheimer type, which is accompanied with both deficit in the BF-cortex cholinergic neuron and cerebral glucose hypometabolism.

ST **MCI225** memory amnesia glucose forebrain lesion; senile dementia

Alzheimer **MCI225** memory amnesia

IT **Amnesia**

**Memory, biological**

(**MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

IT **Mental disorder**

(Alzheimer's disease, **MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

IT **Brain, disease**

(prosencephalon, lesion, **MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

IT **Mental disorder**

(senile psychosis, **MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

IT **99487-26-0, MCI-225**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

IT **50-99-7, Glucose, biological studies 9012-78-6, Choline acetyltransferase**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(**MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

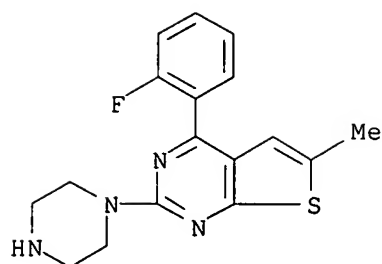
IT **99487-26-0, MCI-225**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**MCI-225** vs. tacrine effect on memory, amnesia, and glucose utilization in basal forebrain lesion in relation to senile dementia treatment)

RN **99487-26-0 HCAPLUS**

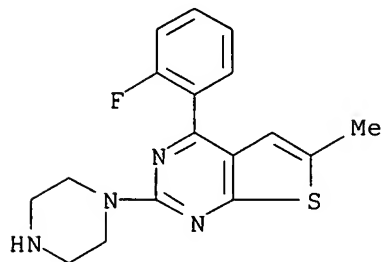
CN **Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)**



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 15 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1994:449919 HCAPLUS  
 DN 121:49919  
 ED Entered STN: 06 Aug 1994  
 TI Effects of a novel compound **MCI-225** on impaired learning and memory in rats  
 AU Eguchi, Junichi; Yuasa, Takayuki; Egawa, Mitsuo; Tobe, Akihiro  
 CS Pharm. Lab. I, Mitsubishi Kasei Corp., Yokohama, 227, Japan  
 SO Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (1994), 48(2), 345-9  
 CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 AB Effects on **MCI-225**, [4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine monohydrate hydrochloride] on exptl. amnesia were studied in rats and compared with those of THA [9-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridine]. In the Morris-type water maze task, **MCI-225** (1-10 mg/kg, PO) reduced the spatial learning impairment induced by scopolamine (0.5 mg/kg, IP). In a passive avoidance (PA) task, administration of **MCI-225** prior to training (1-30 mg/kg, PO) lessened the carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)-induced amnesia in a dose-dependent manner. **MCI-225** (1-100 mg/kg) did not affect gross behavior. THA (0.1-3 mg/kg, PO) reduced scopolamine-induced learning deficits in the water maze task, but the effect was not significant. THA (0.3-3 mg/kg, PO) also ameliorated the CO<sub>2</sub>-induced amnesia, although slightly, in the PA task. THA (10 mg/kg, PO) increased locomotor activity and a higher dose of THA (30 mg/kg, PO) induced tremor, hypersalivation, and muscle relaxation. These results suggest that **MCI-225** lessens impairments in learning and memory without causing serious behavioral abnormalities.  
 ST **MCI225** learning memory improvement  
 IT Learning  
     Memory, biological  
     (MCI-225 improvement of)  
 IT 321-64-2, 9-Amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroacridine **99487-26-0**,  
**MCI-225**  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (learning and memory improvement by, side-effects in relation to)  
 IT **99487-26-0**, **MCI-225**  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(learning and memory improvement by, side-effects in relation to)  
 RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
 monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 16 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1994:290120 HCAPLUS  
 DN 120:290120  
 ED Entered STN: 11 Jun 1994  
 TI Thienopyrimidines for treatment of brain function disorders  
 IN Ninomya, Kunihiro; Nitsuta, Kazumasa; Tobe, Akihiro; Egawa, Mitsuo;  
 Kikumoto, Ryoji  
 PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 IC ICM A61K0031-505  
 ICA C07D0495-04  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

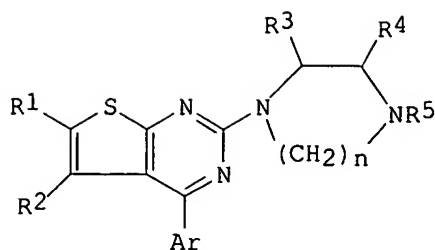
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 06016557	A2	19940125	JP 1992-340658	19921221 <--
PRAI	JP 1992-340658		19921221	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
JP 06016557	ICM	A61K0031-505
	ICA	C07D0495-04
	IPC	A61K0031-505 [ICM,5]; C07D0495-04 [ICA,5]

OS MARPAT 120:290120  
 GI



AB Thienopyrimidines I [Ar = (un)substituted Ph; R1, R2 = H, halo, C1-6 alkyl; R3, R4 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R5 = H, C1-6 alkyl, 4-(CH2)mCOC6H4X, 4-(CH2)mCH(OH)C6H4X, CONHR6; R6 = C1-6 alkyl; X = halo; m = 1-3; n = 2, 3] and their salts are useful for treatment of brain function disorders (e.g. depression and memory disorder). Refluxing 15.64 g 2-chloro-6-methyl-4-phenyl[2,3-d]thienopyrimidine with 62 g piperazine in EtOH for 1 h gave 17.17 g 6-methyl-4-phenyl-2-piperazinyl[2,3-d]thienopyrimidine, which was converted into the monohydrochloride. The product inhibited reserpine-induced body temperature decline at ED50 of 2.0 mg/kg p.o., vs. 14.5 mg/kg for amitriptyline.

ST antidepressant nootropic thienopyrimidine prepn; pyrimidine thieno prepn  
antidepressant nootropic

IT Antidepressants  
Nootropics  
(thienopyrimidines)

IT 456-04-2  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(amination of, by piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative)

IT 3138-90-7, 1-Benzyl-3-methylpiperazine  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(condensation of, with chlorothienopyrimidine derivative)

IT 110-85-0, Piperazine, reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(condensation of, with chlorothienopyrimidine derivative)

IT 99487-44-2  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(condensation of, with piperazines)

IT 99499-33-9P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and debenzylation of)

IT 99487-01-1P 99487-02-2P 99487-03-3P 99487-04-4P 99487-05-5P  
99487-06-6P 99487-07-7P 99487-08-8P 99487-10-2P 99487-12-4P  
99487-13-5P 99487-14-6P 99487-15-7P 99487-16-8P 99487-17-9P  
99487-18-0P 99487-20-4P 99487-21-5P 99487-22-6P 99487-23-7P  
99487-24-8P **99487-25-9P 99487-26-0P** 99487-28-2P  
99487-29-3P 99487-30-6P 99487-31-7P 99487-32-8P 99487-33-9P  
99487-34-0P 99487-36-2P 99487-37-3P 99487-38-4P 99487-39-5P  
99487-40-8P 99487-41-9P 99487-42-0P 99487-43-1P 99499-19-1P  
99499-34-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, for treatment of brain function disorder)

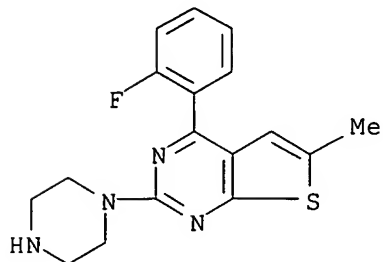
IT 99487-35-1  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reduction of)

IT **99487-25-9P 99487-26-0P**  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, for treatment of brain function disorder)

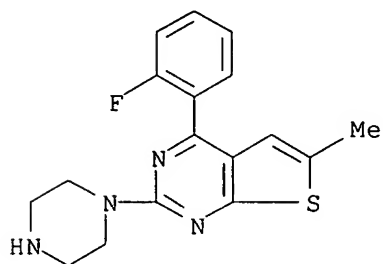
RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-,  
monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 17 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1994:23421 HCAPLUS

DN 120:23421

ED Entered STN: 22 Jan 1994

TI Effect of a new psychoactive compound, MCI-225, on  
brain monoamine metabolism in rats

AU Oishi, Ryozi; Itoh, Yoshinori; Adachi, Naoto; Saeki, Kiyomi

CS Med. Sch., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan

SO Japanese Journal of Pharmacology (1993), 63(2), 261-4

CODEN: JJPAAZ; ISSN: 0021-5198

DT Journal

LA English

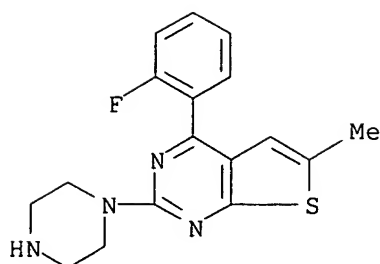
CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

AB The effect of MCI-225 on brain monoamine metabolism was  
examined in rats. MCI-225 (30 mg/kg, p.o.) had no  
influence on noradrenaline (NA) levels, but inhibited the NA turnover in  
the hippocampus and hypothalamus. This compound also increased the  
5-HIAA/5-hydroxytryptamine ratio in the cerebral cortex, hippocampus and  
striatum; and it enhanced the probenecid-induced 5-HIAA accumulation in  
the striatum. In the microdialysis study, MCI-225

markedly increased the NA output, but decreased the 3,4-dihydroxyphenylethyleneglycol output from the hypothalamus of urethane-anesthetized rats. Probably MCI-225 enhances both noradrenergic and serotonergic function by inhibiting NA uptake and accelerating 5-HT turnover, resp.

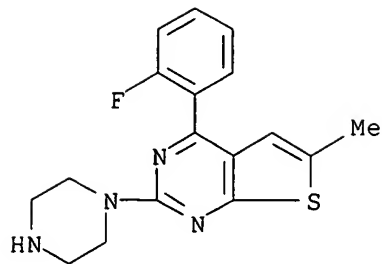
- ST psychotropic MCI 225 brain monoamine metab  
 IT Hypothalamus, metabolism  
     (monoamines metabolism by, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT Brain, metabolism  
     (cerebral cortex, monoamines metabolism by, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT Brain, metabolism  
     (hippocampus, monoamines metabolism by, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT Amines, biological studies  
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
     (mono-, metabolism of, by brain, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT Brain, metabolism  
     (striatum, monoamines metabolism by, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT 102-32-9, 3,4-Dihydroxyphenylacetic acid 28822-73-3, 3,4-Dihydroxyphenylethyleneglycol  
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
     (formation of, as noradrenaline metabolite, in brain, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT 54-16-0, 5-Hydroxyindoleacetic acid, biological studies  
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
     (formation of, as serotonin metabolite, in brain, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT 50-67-9, 5-HT, biological studies 51-41-2, Noradrenaline 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies  
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
     (metabolism of, by brain, psychotropic MCI 225 effect on)  
 IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
     (monoamine metabolism by brain response to)  
 IT 99487-26-0, MCI-225  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
     (monoamine metabolism by brain response to)  
 RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





● HCl

L64 ANSWER 18 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1991:526859 HCAPLUS  
 DN 115:126859  
 ED Entered STN: 05 Oct 1991  
 TI Effects of **MCI-225**, a new psychoactive compound, on experimental learning and memory related tasks  
 AU Egawa, Mitsuo; Eguchi, Junichi; Bessyo, Tomoko  
 CS Pharm. Lab., Mitsubishi Kasei Corp., Yokohama, Japan  
 SO Research and Development Review - Mitsubishi Kasei Corporation (1990), 5(1), 11-16  
 CODEN: MKCREV; ISSN: 0913-6045  
 DT Journal  
 LA Japanese  
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 AB The effects of **MCI-225** (I) on the central nervous system were studied, especially with regard to learning and memory. In a water maze task using mice, I dose-dependently retrieved the special learning impairment induced by scopolamine (5-50 mg/kg). The CO<sub>2</sub>-induced passive avoidance response deficits in rats were inhibited dose dependently by I (3-100 mg/kg). In a learning task with an L-shaped maze using rats, lesions to the dorsal noradrenergic bundle with 6-hydroxy-dopamine produced the marked resistance to extension of a food-reward runway response. I (10 and 30 mg/kg) reduced resistance to extinction. These effects by I were better than those by piracetam. I caused no **behavioral** changes in the range of doses used. From these results, it was suggested that I had ameliorative effects on cognition in exptl. amnesia.  
 ST **MCI 225** learning memory  
 IT **Learning**  
     **Memory, biological**  
     (MCI-225 effect on)  
 IT **99487-26-0, MCI 225**  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (learning and memory response to)  
 IT **99487-26-0, MCI 225**  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (learning and memory response to)  
 RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L64 ANSWER 19 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1987:459050 HCAPLUS  
 DN 107:59050  
 ED Entered STN: 21 Aug 1987  
 TI Preparation of thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivatives as antidepressants and  
 nootropic agents  
 IN Ninomiya, Kunihiro; Nitta, Kazumasa; Tobe, Akihiro; Egawa, Mitsuo;  
 Kikumoto, Ryoji  
 PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 IC ICM A61K0031-505  
 ICS A61K0031-505  
 ICA C07D0495-04  
 CC 28-16 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 62000427	A2	19870106	JP 1985-141347	19850627
	JP 05048208	B4	19930720		
PRAI	JP 1985-141347		19850627		

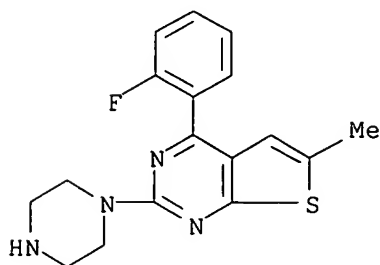
## CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
JP 62000427	ICM	A61K0031-505
	ICS	A61K0031-505
	ICA	C07D0495-04
	IPCI	A61K0031-505 [ICM,4]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,4]; C07D0495-04 [ICA,4]
	IPCR	A61K0031-505 [I,A]; A61K0031-505 [I,C]; C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. [I; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkyl; R1R2 = C5,6 alkylene; R3, R4 = H, alkyl; R5 = alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, p-XC6H4CO(CH2)m, p-XC6H4CH(OH)(CH2)m, where m = 1-3, X = halo; Ar = (substituted) ph, 2- or 3-thienyl; n = 2,3] and their salts, useful as antidepressants and agents for the improvement of brain functions, were prepared. Anhydrous piperazine in EtOH was added dropwise to a solution of 2-chloro-6-methyl-4-phenyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine under reflux in 1 h and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 1 h to give 6-methyl-4-phenyl-2-piperazinyl-thieno[2,3-

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● x HCl

L64 ANSWER 20 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AN 1986:19606 HCAPLUS  
 DN 104:19606  
 ED Entered STN: 24 Jan 1986  
 TI Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivatives and their salts  
 IN Ninomiya, Kunihiro; Nitta, Issei; Tobe, Akihiro; Egawa, Mitsuo; Kikumoto, Ryoji  
 PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd. , Japan  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 IC ICM C07D0495-04  
 ICS A61K0031-505  
 ICA A61K0031-38  
 ICI C07D0495-04, C07D0333-00, C07D0239-00  
 CC 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 150469	A1	19850807	EP 1984-116052	19841221
	EP 150469	B1	19880615		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
	JP 60146891	A2	19850802	JP 1984-479	19840105
	JP 03067071	B4	19911021		
	DK 8406171	A	19850706	DK 1984-6171	19841220
	DK 165744	B	19930111		
	DK 165744	C	19930607		
	AT 35137	E	19880715	AT 1984-116052	19841221
	US 4695568	A	19870922	US 1984-685768	19841224
	CA 1224782	A1	19870728	CA 1984-471183	19841228
	HU 37435	A2	19851228	HU 1985-13	19850103
	HU 191161	B	19870128		
PRAI	JP 1984-479	A	19840105		
	EP 1984-116052	A	19841221		

# CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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d]pyrimidine. I as antidepressants were 3.6-54 times as effective as amitriptyline in reserpine-induced mice. I were more effective than amitriptyline in preventing body temperature drop (induced by reserpine) in mice, with ED50 of 0.27-4.0 mg/kg, p.o.

ST thienopyrimidine prepn antidepressant nootropic; pyrimidine thieno prepn antidepressant nootropic

IT Antidepressants  
(thienopyrimidine derivs.)

IT **Amnesia**  
(treatment of, by thienopyrimidine derivs.)

IT Psychotropics  
(psychoanaleptics, thienopyrimidine derivs.)

IT 110-85-0, Piperazine, reactions 3138-90-7, 1-Benzyl-3-methylpiperazine  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(amination by, of chlorothienopyrimidine derivative)

IT 99487-44-2  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(amination of, by piperazine derivs.)

IT 99487-35-1  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(hydrogenolysis of)

IT 99499-33-9P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and hydrogenolysis of)

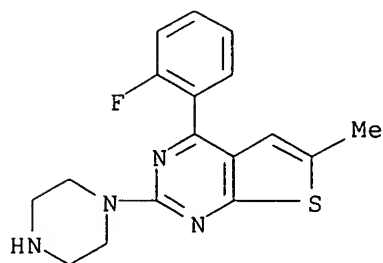
IT 99487-01-1P 99487-03-3P 99487-05-5P 99487-07-7P 99487-09-9P  
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**99487-25-9P** 99487-27-1P 99487-29-3P 99487-31-7P  
99487-33-9P 99487-37-3P 99487-39-5P 99487-41-9P 99487-42-0P  
99487-43-1P 99499-19-1P 99499-34-0P 109348-26-7P 109348-27-8P  
109348-28-9P 109348-29-0P 109348-30-3P 109348-31-4P 109348-32-5P  
109348-33-6P 109348-34-7P 109348-35-8P 109348-36-9P 109348-37-0P  
**109348-38-1P** 109348-39-2P 109348-40-5P 109348-41-6P  
109348-42-7P 109348-43-8P 109348-44-9P 109348-45-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as antidepressant and for improvement of brain function)

IT 456-04-2, 4-Fluorophenacyl chloride  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(N-alkylation by, of piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative)

IT **99487-25-9P 109348-38-1P**  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as antidepressant and for improvement of brain function)

RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109348-38-1 HCAPLUS

EP 150469 ICM C07D0495-04  
 ICS A61K0031-505  
 ICA A61K0031-38  
 ICI C07D0495-04, C07D0333-00, C07D0239-00  
 IPCI C07D0495-04 [ICM,4]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,4]; A61K0031-38 [ICA,4]; C07D0495-04 [ICI,4]; C07D0333-00 [ICI,4]; C07D0239-00 [ICI,4]  
 IPCR C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]  
 JP 60146891 IPCI C07D0495-04 [ICM,4]; A61K0031-505 [ICA,4]  
 DK 8406171 IPCI C07D [ICM,4]  
 AT 35137 IPCI C07D0495-04 [ICM,4]; A61K0031-505 [ICS,4]; A61K0031-38 [ICA,4]; C07D0495-04 [ICI,4]; C07D0333-00 [ICI,4]; C07D0239-00 [ICI,4]  
 IPCR A61K0031-38 [N,A]; A61K0031-38 [N,C]; A61K0031-505 [I,A]; A61K0031-505 [I,C]; C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]  
 US 4695568 IPCI A61K0031-38 [ICM,4]; C07D0239-00 [ICS,4]  
 IPCR C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]  
 NCL 514/252.160; 514/267.000; 544/250.000; 544/278.000  
 CA 1224782 IPCI C07D0495-04 [ICM,4]  
 IPCR C07D0495-00 [I,C]; C07D0495-04 [I,A]  
 HU 37435 IPCI C07D0495-04 [ICM,4]  
 OS CASREACT 104:19606; MARPAT 104:19606  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB Piperazinyl- and homopiperazinylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidines I [R = (un)substituted Ph, thienyl; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, halo; R1R2 = alkylene; R3, R4 = H, alkyl; R5 = H, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, 4-R6C6H4Z(CH2)m; R6 = halo; Z = CO, CHOH; n = 1, 2; m = 1-3] were prepared Thus, 15.64 g 2-chloro-6-methyl-4-phenylthieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine in CHCl3 was added dropwise to 62 g piperazine in refluxing EtOH and the mixture refluxed 1 h to give 17.17 g I (R = Ph, R1 = Me, R2-R5 = H, n = 2) (II). I are antidepressants. In mice II inhibits reserpine-induced hypothermia with an ED50 of 2.0 mg/kg orally compared to 14.5 mg/kg for amitriptyline.  
 ST piperazinylthienopyrimidine prepn antidepressant; thienopyrimidine piperazinyl; chlorothienopyrimidine aminolysis piperazine  
 IT Aminolysis  
 (of chlorothienopyrimidines by piperazines)  
 IT Antidepressants  
 (piperazinylthienopyrimidines)  
 IT **Learning**  
 (piperazinylthienopyrimidines effect on)  
 IT **Memory, biological**  
 (short-term, piperazinylthienopyrimidines effect on)  
 IT 56844-18-9 77139-83-4 99487-45-3 99487-46-4 99487-47-5  
 99499-20-4 99499-21-5 99499-22-6 99499-23-7 99499-24-8  
 99499-25-9 99499-26-0 99499-27-1 99499-28-2 99499-29-3  
 99499-30-6 99499-31-7 99499-32-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (aminolysis of, by piperazine)  
 IT 99487-44-2  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (aminolysis of, by piperazines and homopiperazine)  
 IT 109-07-9 505-66-8 3138-90-7  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (condensation of, with chlorothienopyrimidine derivative)  
 IT 110-85-0, reactions  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (condensation of, with chlorothienopyrimidines)  
 IT 456-04-2  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation of, with piperazinylthienopyrimidine derivative)

IT 99499-33-9P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and debenzylation of)

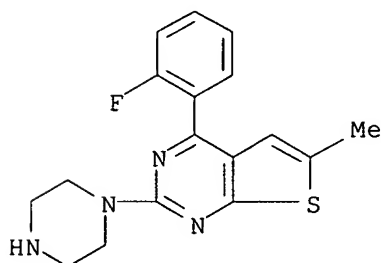
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 99487-16-8P 99487-17-9P 99487-18-0P 99487-19-1P 99487-20-4P  
 99487-21-5P 99487-22-6P 99487-23-7P 99487-24-8P **99487-25-9P**  
**99487-26-0P** 99487-27-1P 99487-28-2P 99487-29-3P  
 99487-30-6P 99487-31-7P 99487-32-8P 99487-33-9P 99487-34-0P  
 99487-35-1P 99487-36-2P 99487-37-3P 99487-38-4P 99487-39-5P  
 99487-40-8P 99487-41-9P 99487-42-0P 99487-43-1P 99499-19-1P  
 99499-34-0P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, as antidepressant)

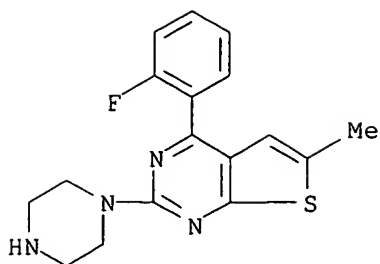
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 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, as antidepressant)

RN 99487-25-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99487-26-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

=> => fil wpix

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:01:42 ON 04 MAY 2006

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 MAY 2006 <20060502/UP>

MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200628 <200628/DW>

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<http://scientific.thomson.com/media/scpdf/ipcrdwpi.pdf> <<<

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=> d 190 all abeq tech abex tot

L90 ANSWER 1 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 2004-561744 [54] WPIX

DNC C2004-205271

TI Use of heterocyclic derivatives (e.g. 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-d)pyrimidine) as noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors and 5-hydroxy tryptamine-3 receptor antagonists to treat nausea, vomiting and/or retching.

DC B02

IN LANDAU, S B; MILLER, C L; THOR, K B

PA (DYNO-N) DYNOGEN PHARM INC

CYC 109

PI WO 2004062624 A2 20040729 (200454)\* EN 66 A61K000-00

RW: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE  
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 DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG  
 KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ  
 OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG  
 US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW  
 US 2004147510 A1 20040729 (200454) A61K031-551  
 US 2004254171 A1 20041216 (200482) A61K031-551  
 US 2004254172 A1 20041216 (200482) A61K031-551  
 AU 2004204827 A1 20040729 (200525) A61K031-551  
 EP 1567163 A2 20050831 (200561) EN A61K031-551  
 R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV  
 MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR  
 BR 2004006748 A 20051220 (200604) A61K031-551  
 ADT WO 2004062624 A2 WO 2004-US809 20040113; US 2004147510 A1 Provisional US  
 2003-440076P 20030113, Provisional US 2003-492478P 20030804, US  
 2004-757981 20040113; US 2004254171 A1 Provisional US 2003-440076P  
 20030113, Provisional US 2003-492478P 20030804, Cont of US 2004-757981  
 20040113, US 2004-846978 20040514; US 2004254172 A1 Provisional US  
 2003-440076P 20030113, Provisional US 2003-492478P 20030804, Cont of US  
 2004-757981 20040113, US 2004-846979 20040514; AU 2004204827 A1 AU  
 2004-204827 20040113; EP 1567163 A2 EP 2004-701830 20040113, WO 2004-US809  
 20040113; BR 2004006748 A BR 2004-6748 20040113, WO 2004-US809 20040113  
 FDT AU 2004204827 A1 Based on WO 2004062624; EP 1567163 A2 Based on WO  
 2004062624; BR 2004006748 A Based on WO 2004062624  
 PRAI US 2003-492478P 20030804; US 2003-440076P 20030113;  
 US 2004-757981 20040113; US 2004-846978 20040514;  
 US 2004-846979 20040514  
 IC ICM A61K000-00; A61K031-551  
 ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-519; A61K031-535  
 AB WO2004062624 A UPAB: 20040823  
 NOVELTY - Treatment of nausea, vomiting and/or retching comprises  
 administration of a heterocyclic compounds (I) or their salts.  
 DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Treatment of nausea, vomiting and/or retching  
 comprises administration of a heterocyclic compounds of formula (I) or  
 their salts.  
 Either R1, R2 = H, halo or 1-6C alkyl; or  
 CR1R2 = 5-6C cycloalkylene;  
 R3, R4 = H or 1-6C alkyl;  
 R5 = H, 1-6C alkyl, benzene derivatives of formulae (1 and 2) or  
 C(O)-NH-R6;  
 m = 1-3;  
 X = halo;  
 R6 = 1-6C alkyl;  
 Ar = optionally substituted phenyl, 2-thienyl or 3-thienyl; and  
 n = 2-3.  
 INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:  
 (1) a composition (II) comprising a 5-hydroxy tryptamine-3 (5-HT3)  
 receptor antagonist (A) and a noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor (B); and  
 (2) a method for processing a claim under a health insurance policy  
 submitted by a claimant seeking reimbursement for costs associated with  
 treatment of nausea, vomiting and/or retching, where the treatment  
 comprises coadministration of a first amount of (A) and a second amount of  
 (B) (where (A) or (B) are administered in therapeutically effective  
 amounts; or the first and second amounts together comprise a  
 therapeutically effective amount), comprises reviewing the claim;  
 determining whether the treatment is reimbursable under the insurance  
 policy; and processing the claim to provide partial or complete  
 reimbursement of the costs.



ACTIVITY - Antiemetic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor; 5-hydroxy tryptamine-3 receptor antagonist.

USE - Compounds (I) are useful in the treatment of nausea, vomiting and/or retching caused by an anesthetic, radiation, a cancer chemotherapeutic agent, a toxic agent, an odor, a medicine (an analgesic, an antibiotic, an antifungal or a serotonin reuptake inhibitor), pregnancy, motion, conditions associated with vertigo, headache or a malady of the gastrointestinal tract in humans (claimed). The ability of compounds (I) to reduce retching and vomiting was assessed in a model of cytotoxin-induced emesis in a ferret. The results showed that 4

-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-

2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,

3-d)pyrimidine at concentrations of 1, 10 or

30 mg/kg caused dose-dependent reduction in the retches and vomits induced by cisplatin.

Dwg.0/6

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B06-A01; B06-D01; B06-D03; B06-D04; B06-D05; B06-D06; B06-D13; B06-D15; B06-D18; B06-F03; B06-F05; B07-B01; B07-E03; B08-C01; B10-B02F; B10-B04B; B14-E05

TECH UPTX: 20040823

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Method: Treatment of nausea, vomiting and/or retching comprises the administration of a first amount of (A) and a second amount of (B) (where (A) or (B) are administered in therapeutically effective amounts; or the first and second amounts together comprise a therapeutically effective amount); or a noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor (characterized by the substantial absence of anticholinergic effects). Preferred Components: (A) is indisetron, YM-114 ((R)-2,3-dihydro-1-((4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl)carbonyl)-1H-indole), granisetron, talipexole, azasetron, bemisetron, tropisetron, ramosetron, ondansetron, palonosetron, lerisetron, alosetron, N-3389, zacopride, cilansetron, E-3620 ((3(S)-endo)-4-amino-5-chloro-N-(8-methyl-8-azabicyclo(3.2.1)oct-3-yl-2((1-methyl-2-butynyl)oxy)benzamide), lintopride, KAE-393, itasetron, zatosectron, dolasetron, (+/-)-zacopride, (+/-)-renzapride, (-)-YM-060, DAU-6236, BIMU-8 or GK-128(2-(2-methylimidazol-1-yl)methyl)-benzo(f)thiochromen-1-one monohydrochloride hemihydrate) (preferably indisetron, granisetron, azasetron, bemisetron, tropisetron, ramosetron, ondansetron, palonosetron, lerisetron, alosetron, cilansetron, itasetron, zatosectron or dolasetron). (B) is venlafaxine, duloxetine, bupropion, milnacipran, reboxetine, lefepramine, desipramine, nortriptyline, tomoxetine, maprotiline, oxaprotiline, levoprotiline, viloxazine or atomoxetine (preferably reboxetine, lefepramine, desipramine, nortriptyline, tomoxetine, maprotiline, oxaprotiline, levoprotiline, viloxazine or atomoxetine). (II) further comprises a carrier.

ABEX UPTX: 20040823

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - The use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-d)pyrimidine is specifically claimed as (I).

ADMINISTRATION - Administration of (I) is 0.001-1000 (preferably 0.1-50) mg/day, orally, transdermally, sublingually, buccally, parenterally, rectally, intranasally, intrapulmonarily or intrabronchially.

DEFINITIONS - Preferred Definitions:

R1 = 1-6C alkyl (preferably methyl) or halo;

Ar = a phenyl optionally substituted with a halo (preferably an

unsubstituted phenyl);  
R2 = H or 1-6C alkyl; and  
n = 2.

L90 ANSWER 2 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
AN 2004-257344 [24] WPIX  
DNC C2004-100579  
TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine as serotonin reuptake blockers for the treatment of e.g. fibromyalgia, obesity and weight gain.  
DC B02  
IN CAVALLA, D; GRISTWOOD, R W  
PA (ARAC-N) ARACHNOVA THERAPEUTICS LTD  
CYC 106  
PI WO 2004019948 A1 20040311 (200424)\* EN 13 A61K031-519  
RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS  
LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW  
W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK  
DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR  
KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PG PH  
PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC  
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AU 2003259373 A1 20040319 (200462) A61K031-519  
EP 1539172 A1 20050615 (200539) EN A61K031-519  
R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV  
MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR  
BR 2003013836 A 20050621 (200542) A61K031-519  
JP 2006500427 W 20060105 (200603) 11 A61K031-519  
CN 1678322 A 20051005 (200606) A61K031-519  
ADT WO 2004019948 A1 WO 2003-GB3720 20030828; AU 2003259373 A1 AU 2003-259373  
20030828; EP 1539172 A1 EP 2003-791032 20030828; WO 2003-GB3720 20030828;  
BR 2003013836 A BR 2003-13836 20030828; WO 2003-GB3720 20030828; JP  
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A CN 2003-820617 20030828  
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on WO 2004019948  
PRAI GB 2003-16115 20030709; GB 2002-20064 20020829  
IC ICM A61K031-519  
ICS A61P001-00; A61P001-08; A61P001-14;  
A61P003-00; A61P003-04; A61P013-00;  
A61P015-00; A61P025-00; A61P025-04;  
A61P025-06; A61P025-08; A61P025-16;  
A61P025-18; A61P025-22; A61P025-30;  
A61P025-34; A61P031-00; A61P031-14;  
A61P035-00; A61P039-00; A61P043-00;  
C07D495-00; C07D495-04  
AB WO2004019948 A UPAB: 20040408  
NOVELTY - Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine (I) or its salt for the manufacture of a medicament.  
ACTIVITY - Anorectic; Antiaddictive; Gynecological;  
Eating-Disorders-Gen.; Antiparkinsonian; Antimigraine; Cerebroprotective;  
Vasotropic; Antiemetic; Neuroleptic; Tranquilizer; Muscular-Gen.;  
Immunomodulator; Antismoking.  
MECHANISM OF ACTION - Serotonin reuptake blocker; Noradrenergic  
reuptake blocker; 5-hydroxy tryptamine-3 (5HT-3) receptor blocker.  
Test details are described but no results given.  
USE - (I) is useful for the treatment of fibromyalgia, obesity,

weight gain, substance abuse, drug addiction, premenstrual syndrome, eating disorders, migraine, Parkinson's disease, stroke, nausea, vomiting, chemotherapy or radioactivity-induced emesis, schizophrenia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, fatigue and also for the encouragement of smoking cessation (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (I) has both serotonin and noradrenergic reuptake blocking properties, but also has important 5HT-3 receptor blocking activity, which would be expected to modify the pharmacological actions of (I) in vivo in a non-predictable manner.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B06-F03; B14-C01; B14-E05; B14-E11; B14-E12; B14-F02C; B14-F02D1; B14-J01A3; B14-J01B3; B14-J01B4; B14-J02D; B14-J03; B14-J04; B14-J05; B14-M01B; B14-M01C; B14-N14; B14-N16

TECH UPTX: 20040408

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Components: The salt is the hydrochloride monohydrate.

ABEX UPTX: 20040408

ADMINISTRATION - Administration of (I) is 0.1 mg - 5 g, orally, sublingually, buccally, transdermally, intramuscularly, intranasally, rectally, parenterally, subcutaneously, pulmonarily or topically.

L90 ANSWER 3 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 2004-156441 [15] WPIX

CR 2003-156742 [15]

DNC C2004-062118

TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)

thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine or

its salt in the manufacture of medicament for treating functional bowel disorder.

DC B02

IN CAVALLA, D; GRISTWOOD, R W; GRISTWOOD, W; BARDSLEY, H J

PA (BARD-I) BARDSLEY H J; (CAVA-I) CAVALLA D; (GRIS-I) GRISTWOOD R W; (ARAC-N) ARACHNOVA THERAPEUTICS LTD

CYC 104

PI WO 2004004734 A1 20040115 (200415)\* EN 9 A61K031-519  
RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS  
LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW  
W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK  
DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR  
KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PH PL  
PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU  
ZA ZM ZW

US 2004048874 A1 20040311 (200419) A61K031-519

AU 2003255712 A1 20040123 (200459) A61K031-519

EP 1519728 A1 20050406 (200523) EN A61K031-519

R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV  
MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

BR 2003012511 A 20050412 (200526) A61K031-519

KR 2005016968 A 20050221 (200544) A61K031-519

US 2005239792 A1 20051027 (200571) A61K031-519

JP 2005533829 W 20051110 (200574) 8 A61K031-519

CN 1668307 A 20050914 (200607) A61K031-519

ADT WO 2004004734 A1 WO 2003-GB2974 20030709; US 2004048874 A1 CIP of WO  
2002-GB2388 20020521, US 2003-617847 20030710; AU 2003255712 A1 AU  
2003-255712 20030709; EP 1519728 A1 EP 2003-762820 20030709, WO  
2003-GB2974 20030709; BR 2003012511 A BR 2003-12511 20030709, WO

2003-GB2974 20030709; KR 2005016968 A KR 2005-700141 20050104; US  
2005239792 A1 WO 2003-GB2974 20030709, US 2004-519594 20041228; JP  
2005533829 W WO 2003-GB2974 20030709, JP 2004-519012 20030709; CN 1668307  
A CN 2003-816290 20030709

FDT AU 2003255712 A1 Based on WO 2004004734; EP 1519728 A1 Based on WO  
2004004734; BR 2003012511 A Based on WO 2004004734; JP 2005533829 W Based  
on WO 2004004734

PRAI GB 2003-4648 20030228; GB 2002-16027 20020710;  
GB 2001-12494 20010522

IC ICM A61K031-519  
ICS A61P001-00; A61P001-10; A61P001-12; C07D498-02

AB WO2004004734 A UPAB: 20060130

NOVELTY - In the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a  
functional bowel disorder, **4-(2-fluorophenyl)**  
**-6-methyl-2-(1-**

**piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D)**

**pyrimidine (I)** or its salt is used.

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; Antidiarrheic; Gastrointestinal-Gen.;  
Laxative.

The efficacy of **4-(2-fluorophenyl)-**  
**6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)**  
**thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine**

hydrochloride monohydrate (Ia) to treat functional bowel disease was  
evaluated in male Sprague-Dawley rats in terms of its ability to inhibit  
reflex depressor responses to colorectal distension. The left carotid  
artery and the left jugular vein were cannulated. A long latex balloon was  
inserted intrarectally and then connected via a double lumen cannula to a  
pressure transducer and also to a saline-filled syringe for  
inflation/deflation of the balloon. The balloon was rapidly inflated with  
saline and changes in blood pressure were recorded. (Ia) (3 mg/kg) (test)  
was administered intravenously into left jugular vein before commencement  
of final distension response curve. Fall in arterial blood pressure (mm of  
Hg) evoked by distension of the balloon at 0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5 ml of balloon  
volume: before adding (Ia) were 2.7/12.4/24/36.3/43.4; and after  
administration of (Ia) were 2.2/6.3/10.6/15.3/24.6 respectively. The  
results showed that (Ia) inhibited the distension-induced falls in the  
blood pressure.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - 5-Hydroxytryptamine-3 receptor antagonist;  
Serotonin and noradrenergic reuptake inhibitor.

USE - For the treatment of functional bowel disorder (e.g. irritable  
bowel syndrome, and alternating constipation/diarrhea-predominant  
irritable bowel syndrome) in female patient (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The functional combination of serotonin and noradrenergic  
reuptake blockade and 5-HT-3 receptor blockade of (I) provides excellent  
therapy for irritable bowel syndrome. (I) also lowers incidences of the  
side effects e.g. nausea, vomiting or induction of sexual dysfunction  
associated with known selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B06-F03; B14-E02; B14-E09; B14-E10C; B14-J02D; B14-J04

ABEX UPTX: 20040302

ADMINISTRATION - Dosage of (I) is 0.1 mg/day - 1 g/day. Administration is  
by oral, sublingual, buccal, transdermal, intramuscular, intranasal,  
rectal, parenteral, subcutaneous, pulmonary, or topical route.

EXAMPLE - None given.

L90 ANSWER 4 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
AN 2003-679474 [64] WPIX

DNC C2003-185613  
 TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine for the treatment of urinary incontinence.  
 DC B02  
 IN CAVALLA, D; GRISTWOOD, R W  
 PA (ARAC-N) ARACHNOVA THERAPEUTICS LTD; (CAVA-I) CAVALLA D; (GRIS-I) GRISTWOOD R W  
 CYC 103  
 PI WO 2003063873 A1 20030807 (200364)\* EN 5 A61K031-519  
 RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS  
 LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW  
 W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK  
 DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR  
 KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT  
 RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA  
 ZM ZW  
 AU 2003205836 A1 20030902 (200422) A61K031-519  
 EP 1469853 A1 20041027 (200471) EN A61K031-519  
 R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV  
 MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR  
 KR 2004081479 A 20040921 (200508) A61K031-519  
 BR 2003007369 A 20041214 (200510) A61K031-519  
 JP 2005516977 W 20050609 (200538) 8 A61K031-519  
 CN 1625402 A 20050608 (200562) A61K031-519  
 US 2005222162 A1 20051006 (200566) A61K031-519  
 ADT WO 2003063873 A1 WO 2003-GB374 20030129; AU 2003205836 A1 AU 2003-205836 20030129; EP 1469853 A1 EP 2003-702713 20030129, WO 2003-GB374 20030129; KR 2004081479 A KR 2004-711877 20040730; BR 2003007369 A BR 2003-7369 20030129, WO 2003-GB374 20030129; JP 2005516977 W JP 2003-563563 20030129, WO 2003-GB374 20030129; CN 1625402 A CN 2003-803046 20030129; US 2005222162 A1 WO 2003-GB374 20030129, US 2004-502827 20040727  
 FDT AU 2003205836 A1 Based on WO 2003063873; EP 1469853 A1 Based on WO 2003063873; BR 2003007369 A Based on WO 2003063873; JP 2005516977 W Based on WO 2003063873  
 PRAI GB 2002-2265 20020131  
 IC ICM A61K031-519  
 ICS A61K031-505; A61P013-02; A61P013-10; A61P013-100; C07D495-04  
 AB WO2003063873 A UPAB: 20031006  
 NOVELTY - In the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of urinary incontinence, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine (I) or its salt is used.

ACTIVITY - Uropathic; Antidepressant; Endocrine-Gen.; Antiemetic.

The uropathic activity of (I) was evaluated in female Sprague-Dawley rats in terms of its ability to increase the tone of urethra or internal sphincter. In the anaesthetized rats, the bladder was exposed through a midline incision into the abdomen and intravesicular pressure was recorded via a catheter inserted into the bladder. A second catheter was inserted into the bladder to allow infusion of saline using a syringe pump. A third catheter was inserted into the bladder and wedged into position in the neck of the bladder with catheter extending into the urethra. Electromyographic (EMG) recordings were made of urethral striated muscle activity by inserting two fine copper electrodes either side of the urethral opening. After recording stable bladder and urethral pressures, the bladder was inflated by direct infusion of saline into the bladder at a rate of 0.046 ml/min. During and after saline infusion, simultaneous recordings were made of urethral perfusion pressure and of external

sphincter EMG activity. In one group of animals, prior to intravesicular infusion of saline a single bolus dose of (I) (3 mg/kg intravenous). In control group of animals a bolus dose of vehicle was administered. The changes in urethral perfusion pressure and external sphincter EMG activity during and after infusion were analyzed. The urethral pressure (mm Hg) increased from 13 plus or minus 1 to 23 plus or minus 2 in rats treated with (I) and from 14 plus or minus 1 to 18 plus or minus 2 in control rats. Larger fall in external sphincter activity was seen in rats treated with (I). The results showed that (I) increased the urethral pressure by 77% as compared to that of 29% in control.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Noradrenergic reuptake inhibitor; Serotonin reuptake inhibitor; 5-Hydroxytryptamine-3 (5HT-3) blocker.

USE - In a medicament for treatment of urinary incontinence (e.g. stress urinary incontinence) (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (I) produces lower incidence of side effect (e.g. nausea, vomiting or induction of sexual dysfunction) as compared to other known serotonin reuptake inhibitor.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B06-F03; B14-N07D

TECH UPTX: 20031006

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Salt: The salt is monohydrate hydrochloride.

ABEX UPTX: 20031006

ADMINISTRATION - Dosage is 0.1-1000 mg/day and is administered by oral, sublingual, buccal, transdermal, intramuscular, intranasal, rectal, parenteral, subcutaneous, pulmonary or topical route.

EXAMPLE - None given.

L90 ANSWER 5 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2006 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 2003-156742 [15] WPIX

CR 2004-156441 [15]

DNC C2003-040667

TI Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6-

**methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)**

**thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine** in

manufacture of medicament for treatment of pain, e.g. nociceptive pain or neuropathic pain.

DC B02

IN BARDSLEY, H J; CAVALLA, D; GRISTWOOD, R W; BARDSLEY, J

H; GRISTWOOD, W

PA (ARAC-N) ARACHNOVA THERAPEUTICS LTD; (BARD-I) BARDSLEY H J;

(CAVA-I) CAVALLA D; (GRIS-I) GRISTWOOD R W

CYC 101

PI WO 2002094249 A1 20021128 (200315)\* EN 4 A61K031-00

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ

NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK

DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR

KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT

RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM

ZW

EP 1390022 A1 20040225 (200415) EN A61K031-00

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT

RO SE SI TR

US 2004048874 A1 20040311 (200419) A61K031-519

BR 2002009956 A 20040420 (200428) A61K031-00

KR 2004012808 A 20040211 (200438) A61K031-519

JP 2004168692 A 20040617 (200441)# 6 A61K031-519  
 AU 2002307872 A1 20021203 (200452) A61K031-00  
 CN 1511029 A 20040707 (200467) A61K031-00  
 JP 2004531557 W 20041014 (200467) 13 A61K031-519  
 AU 2002307872 B2 20041007 (200480) A61K031-00  
 AU 2005200045 A1 20050127 (200525)# A61K031-00  
 JP 3749519 B2 20060301 (200617) 5 A61K031-519

ADT WO 2002094249 A1 WO 2002-GB2388 20020521; EP 1390022 A1 EP 2002-771681  
 20020521, WO 2002-GB2388 20020521; US 2004048874 A1 CIP of WO 2002-GB2388  
 20020521, US 2003-617847 20030710; BR 2002009956 A BR 2002-9956 20020521,  
 WO 2002-GB2388 20020521; KR 2004012808 A KR 2003-714542 20031107; JP  
 2004168692 A JP 2002-335342 20021119; AU 2002307872 A1 AU 2002-307872  
 20020521; CN 1511029 A CN 2002-810378 20020521; JP 2004531557 W JP  
 2002-590968 20020521, WO 2002-GB2388 20020521; AU 2002307872 B2 AU  
 2002-307872 20020521; AU 2005200045 A1 Div ex AU 2002-307872 20020521, AU  
 2005-200045 20050107; JP 3749519 B2 JP 2002-590968 20020521, WO  
 2002-GB2388 20020521

FDT EP 1390022 A1 Based on WO 2002094249; BR 2002009956 A Based on WO  
 2002094249; AU 2002307872 A1 Based on WO 2002094249; JP 2004531557 W Based  
 on WO 2002094249; AU 2002307872 B2 Previous Publ. AU 2002307872, Based on  
 WO 2002094249; JP 3749519 B2 Previous Publ. JP 2004531557, Based on WO  
 2002094249

PRAI GB 2001-12494 20010522; GB 2002-16027 20020710;  
 JP 2002-335342 20021119; AU 2005-200045 20050107

IC ICM A61K031-00; A61K031-519  
 ICS A61P025-00; A61P025-02; A61P025-04; A61P025-24; A61P029-00;  
 A61P043-00; C07D495-00; C07D495-04

AB WO 200294249 A UPAB: 20060310  
 NOVELTY - Use of 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-  
 6-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-  
 thieno(2,3-D)pyrimidine or  
 its salt in the manufacture of medicament for the treatment of pain.  
 ACTIVITY - Analgesic.  
 Three groups (13 in each group) of rat received vehicle (0 mg/kg),  
 indomethacin (1 mg/kg) or 4-(2-fluorophenyl  
 )-6-methyl-2-(1-  
 piperazinyl) thieno(2,3-D)  
 pyrimidine (MCI-225) (30 mg/kg). Inflammatory  
 pain was induced and the pain threshold of inflamed paw was measured using  
 a paw pressure analgesimeter. The threshold for paw withdrawal was  
 measured in grams at 1 and 3 hours post dose. The pain threshold (g) for  
 MCI-225/indomethacin/vehicle at 1 and 3 hours were  
 32.3/56.5/-11.5 and 66.9/65.8/-11.5 respectively.  
 The results showed that MCI-225 increase the pain  
 threshold and thus are useful for treatment of pain.  
 MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.  
 USE - In manufacture of medicament for treatment of pain such as  
 nociceptive pain or neuropathic pain (claimed).  
 ADVANTAGE - The composition actively reduces the pain.

Dwg.0/0  
 FS CPI  
 FA AB; DCN  
 MC CPI: B06-F03; B14-C01  
 TECH UPTX: 20030303  
 TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Compound: The salt is  
 monohydrate hydrochloride.  
 ABEX UPTX: 20030303  
 ADMINISTRATION - The composition is administered orally,  
 sublingually/buccally, transdermally, intramuscularly, intranasally,  
 rectally, rectally, parenterally, subcutaneously, pulmonary or topically

in a dosage of 0.1 - 5 mg.

EXAMPLE - None given.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:27:09 ON 04 MAY 2006)  
SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:27:17 ON 04 MAY 2006

L1 1 S (WO2003-GB3720 OR GB2002-20064 OR GB2003-16115)/AP,PRN  
E CAVALLA D/AU  
L2 95 S E3-E6  
E GRISTWOOD R/AU  
L3 55 S E4-E7  
E ARACHNOVA/PA,CS  
L4 46 S E3-E12  
L5 9 S 4 2 FLUOROPHENYL 6 METHYL 2 1 PIPERAZIN? THIENO 2 3 D PYRIMID  
L6 5 S L5 AND L1-L4  
L7 9 S L1,L6,L5  
SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:30:10 ON 04 MAY 2006

L8 11 S E1-E11  
L9 3 S L8 AND C17H17FN4S  
L10 3 S 99487-25-9/CRN  
L11 4 S L10,L9

FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 15:31:32 ON 04 MAY 2006

L12 0 S L11

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:31:34 ON 04 MAY 2006

L13 14 S MCI 225 OR MCI225  
L14 22 S L11  
L15 22 S L7,L13,L14  
L16 19 S L15 AND (PY<=2002 OR PRY<=2002 OR AY<=2002)  
L17 5 S L1-L4 AND L15  
L18 5 S L17 AND L16  
L19 3 S L15 AND (ABUS? OR ?OBESIT? OR ?OBESE? OR WEIGHT(L) (GAIN? OR L  
L20 6 S L15 AND (BODY(L)WEIGHT OR ?PARKINSON? OR ?FIBROMYALG? OR STRO  
L21 6 S L15 AND MENTAL?  
L22 10 S L19-L21  
E MENTAL/CT  
L23 7 S L15 AND E4+OLD,NT  
L24 1 S L15 AND E22+OLD,NT  
L25 0 S L15 AND E23  
L26 5 S L15 AND (E28 OR E29+OLD,NT)  
L27 0 S L15 AND E89  
E OBESITY/CT  
L28 1 S L15 AND E3-E7  
L29 1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
E BODY WEIGHT/CT  
L30 1 S L15 AND E3-E5  
L31 1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
E SUBSTANCE ABUSE/CT  
E E3+ALL  
L32 1 S L15 AND E2  
E DRUGS OF ABUSE/CT  
L33 1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT



L34           E DRUG ADDICTION/CT  
           0 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
           E E3+ALL  
 L35           1 S L15 AND E2+OLD,NT  
           E SMOKING/CT  
 L36           0 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
 L37           0 S L15 AND E9  
           E E6+ALL  
 L38           1 S L15 AND E2  
           E TOBACCO/CT  
 L39           0 S L15 AND E3  
 L40           0 S L15 AND E267+OLD,NT  
 L41           1 S L15 AND E282+OLD,NT  
 L42           0 S L15 AND E285+OLD,NT  
           E EATING DISORDER/CT  
 L43           1 S L15 AND E4  
           E E4+ALL  
 L44           0 S L15 AND E2  
           E OBSESSIVE/CT  
           E E6+ALL  
 L45           1 S L15 AND E2  
           E PREMENSTRUAL/CT  
           E E5+ALL  
 L46           1 S L15 AND E2  
           E MIGRAINE/CT  
 L47           0 S L15 AND E3  
           E E3+ALL  
 L48           1 S L15 AND E2  
           E HEADACHE/CT  
 L49           1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
           E NAUSEA/CT  
 L50           2 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
           E VOMIT/CT  
 L51           2 S L15 AND E4+OLD,NT  
           E EMESIS/CT  
           E E3+ALL  
           E E3+ALL  
 L52           2 S L15 AND E2,E3,E5,E7  
           E FATIGUE/CT  
 L53           1 S L15 AND E3,E11+OLD,NT  
 L54           0 S L15 AND E17  
           E FIBROMYALGIA/CT  
           E E3+ALL  
 L55           2 S L15 AND E2  
           E PARKINSON/CT  
           E PARKINSON/CT  
 L56           1 S L15 AND E7+OLD,NT  
           E STROKE/CT  
           E E3+ALL  
 L57           1 S L15 AND E2  
           E SCHIZOPHRENIA/CT  
 L58           1 S L15 AND E3+OLD,NT  
 L59           12 S L23-L58  
 L60           12 S L22,L59  
 L61           15 S L17,L60  
 L62           7 S L15 NOT L61  
 L63           5 S L62 AND (PY<=2002 OR PRY<=2002 OR AY<=2002)  
 L64           20 S L61,L63

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:48:25 ON 04 MAY 2006

jan delaval - 4 may 2006

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:48:36 ON 04 MAY 2006

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:49:02 ON 04 MAY 2006

L65 23 S L5  
L66 23 S L13  
L67 23 S L11  
L68 23 S L65-L67  
L69 18 S L68 AND PY<=2002

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:51:10 ON 04 MAY 2006

L70 9 S L5 OR L13 OR L11

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:51:38 ON 04 MAY 2006

L71 16 S L70  
L72 16 S L71 AND PY<=2002

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:52:23 ON 04 MAY 2006

L73 8 S L5  
L74 3 S L13  
L75 10 S L73,L74  
E RA9D3/SDCN  
L76 1 S E32  
L77 1 S RABMLT/SDCN  
E MCI/CN  
L78 1 S E9  
L79 3 S L76-L78  
L80 9 S (RA9D3X OR RABMLT OR RAIXFX)/DCN OR (650404-0-0-0 OR 650404-0  
L81 10 S L75,L80  
L82 4 S L81 AND (CAVALLA ? OR GRISTWOOD ?)/AU  
L83 4 S L81 AND ARACHNOVA?/PA  
L84 4 S L82,L83  
L85 5 S L81 AND (A61P001 OR A61P003 OR A61P015 OR A61P025 OR A61P031  
L86 1 S L85 AND 2004-257344/AN  
L87 4 S L84,L86  
L88 4 S L81 NOT L82-L87  
L89 1 S L88 AND 2004-561744/AN  
L90 5 S L87,L89  
L91 2 S L75 NOT L88-L90

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:01:42 ON 04 MAY 2006

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